

Crawford Avalanche

JUSTICE AND RIGHT

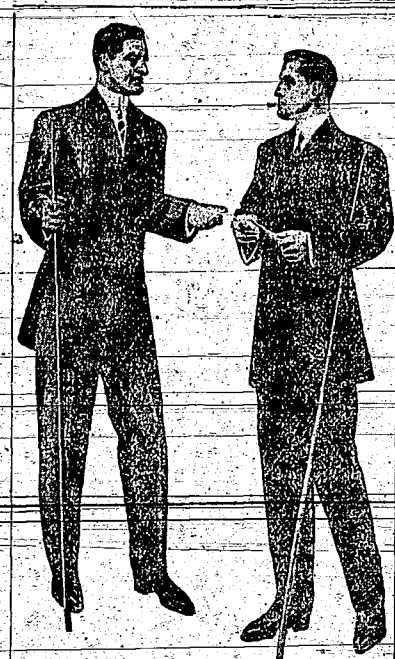
VOLUME XXXIV.

GRAYLING, MICHIGAN, MAY 16, 1912.

OSCAR P. SCHUMANN, Publisher and Proprietor

NUMBER 20

Our Five Day Sale WAS A HUMMER



PEOPLE wait for Brenner's Sales because they are genuine, no fake sales here, and no old stock that laid around the store for years. We get new goods in every day nearly, and what you buy here you buy new, and the best. We just received a big consignment of Screen Doors and Windows the best doors you ever bought here before at 75c, 99c and \$1.25.

We also offer a swell line of Dress Pants from 99c up to \$5.00

and a small line of Shoes in white and black. When you want to buy anything, it doesn't make any difference what, come in and let's talk it over.

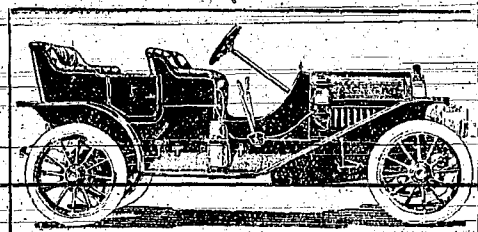
We sell cheaper. No profits to divide

BRENNER'S CASH STORE.

The Always Busy Store Grayling, Mich.

Olson's Automobile Livery Line

Prompt and quick service



MACHINES FOR SALE OR RENT
Call at Central Drug Store or Auto Barn

Sleepy Eye Flour...

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

YOUR MONEY BACK IF YOU
WANT IT

For sale by

Connine & Narrin

Take your home paper and get all the news.

The Avalanche

Send in Your Subscriptions. \$1.50

WHO ARE THE DEAD ONES?

The Development Bureau Needs Our Co-operation.

Various estimates by good authorities give the value of a settler to a community at from a few hundred to as high as twelve hundred dollars. Granting this the North Eastern Development Bureau is returning good for the money expended but the Development Bureau cannot do it all. When prospective settlers get to the point of wishing specific information and when that settler takes the pains to write to a special locality in which he has become interested and then cannot get a reply, it would seem that local people, lacking in boost and enterprise.

Since organizing, the Bureau has maintained that local interests must clinch the matter. The Development Bureau starts. Last week it was suggested that some way should be found so that the Bureau could do more specific work in placing prospective settlers, but the fear of partiality has prevented this.

The following letter explains the situation and we earnestly call your attention to improving these conditions if they exist in your locality:

Noblesville, Ind., Apr. 29, 1912.
Mr. T. F. MARSTON, Sec'y & Mgr.,
Bay City, Michigan.

Dear Sir:
About April 1st, I procured some of the literature of the Northeastern Michigan Development Bureau which was distributed in this city by some of your representatives. On Apr. 6th, I wrote to you (a local improvement Ass'n.) for literature concerning county and city and on April 17th, I wrote to a Director from county stating my wishes and sending stamps for a copy of the newspaper published there.

Evidently the county is filled up and no more "Outsiders" are wanted as I have yet to receive a reply or papers from either. In looking over the descriptions of the different counties I was favorably impressed with Co. and for the reason that I am a building mechanic and want to get a small farm close to a good town where I can be employed at either occupation.

If you as secretary can give me any information concerning the above, with a list of lands for sale with terms, you will confer a favor. Would also like to know whether a map of county can be procured and where. Awaiting an early reply. I am Yours very truly,

[NOTE: We would suggest that if there is anybody in Crawford county who is too busy to answer a well meaning inquiry that they pass the same on to some other fellow who is still busier.]

Fifth Annual Knights Templar Conclave.

Preparations are practically complete for the 56th Annual Conclave of the Knights Templar of Michigan, to be held in the city of Detroit June 4, 5 and 6.

From reports already made to the Grand Commandery it is evident that the various commanderies in Michigan will have very large representations in Detroit. The program follows:
June 3, 7:30 p. m.—Theatre parties for the ladies of the Grand Commandery.
June 4, 10 a. m.—Street parade.
June 4, 2 p. m.—Automobile ride for all the ladies.
June 4, 8 to 12 p. m.—Reception to Grand Commandery and Staff in the Masonic Temple, followed by dancing.
June 5, 1 p. m.—Exhibition drill on Belle Isle.
The business sessions of the Grand Commandery will be held in the Masonic Temple June 4 at 2 p. m. and June 6 at 9 a. m. The headquarters of the Grand Commandery will be in the Hotel Cadillac.

The Grand Commander is Right Eminent Sir William H. Kessler of Detroit. The executive committee for this conclave is made up of Right Eminent Sir Joseph H. Crawford, P. G. C., Flint; Sir Thomas V. Dutton, P. G. C., and Sir John H. Hanna, P. G. C. The two commanderies located in Detroit are making special preparations for the entertainment of the Knights Templar stationed elsewhere in the state.

Church Notes.

M. E. Church May 19th, 1912, public service. Subject, "The Highway of Holiness." Epworth League, subject, "Pentecosts, The Tragedy of the Roll; The Resourcefulness of the Spirit of Truth." Leader, Mrs. Wingard. Public service, subject, "The Eighth Commandment."
JAMES IVRY, Pastor.

Maple Forest Poultry Farm.

Keller's White Orpingtons, Buff Orpingtons, Black Minorcas, Columbia Wyandottes, R. I. Reds, some choice cockerels for sale, eggs for hatching \$1.00, \$2.00 and \$3.00 per 15 Stuck and Eggs guaranteed.
W. S. Chalkor & Sons
3-14-12w
Waters, Mich.

The New Pension Bill.

That any person who served ninety days or more in the military or naval service of the United States during the late Civil War, who has been honorably discharged therefrom, and who has reached the age sixty-two years or over, shall upon making proof of such facts, according to such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may provide, be placed upon the pension roll and be entitled to receive a pension as follows: In case such persons has reached the age of sixty-two years and served ninety days, thirteen dollars per month; six months, thirteen dollars and fifty cents per month; one year, fourteen dollars per month; one and a half years, fourteen dollars and fifty cents per month; two years, fifteen dollars per month; two and a half years, fifteen dollars and fifty cents per month; three years, sixteen dollars per month; three years and over, sixteen dollars and fifty cents per month; four years, sixteen dollars and fifty cents per month; four years and over, sixteen dollars and fifty cents per month; 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Mr. G. P. Schumann, May 7, 1912
Grayling, Michigan.

My dear Sir:
There is no question now but what the new pension law will become a law within the next thirty days. I will be glad if you will give this publicity and ask every old soldier who finds that he is entitled to increase of pension under this new law, to send me his name at once, in order that I may supply to him the necessary application blank instantly when the law goes into force. This is important to every old soldier, for the first applications on file will receive the first attention, and the sooner the increase of pension will be obtained. I am, Very truly yours,
GEO. A. LOUB.

AT MILES CITY, MONTANA.

The Biggest Range Horse Market on Earth.

2,000-2 Two Thousand Horses--2,000 Will Be Sold at Auction on May 27, 28, 29 and 30, 1912.

We will have all classes to select from. The good big Farm and Draft Horses, broke and unbroke; in foal and some with colts by side. We will have 150 Big Yearlings, 150 Big Bred Two-Year-Olds, Ten Cars of Washington Horses and Ponies, broke and unbroke, fat and good sellers. You can buy any kind you want here. You can buy at auction or private sale. You can buy slightly or in pairs; one horse or a team load. You can get the big, strong boned young horses here. William Holland, of Waterloo, Iowa, will be here with a car load of the Best Draft Stallions ever shipped to the state. Don't forget the dates. We will look for you.
Write or wire for information.
C. B. INGHAM,
5-2-12w
Manager.

Sealed Bids

will be received by the undersigned for laying of cement sidewalks in the Village of Grayling for ensuing year, according to specifications on file at my office. All bids must be in by June 3, 1912. Right to reject any or all bids will be reserved.
CAREL A. MORRIS,
may8-4w
Village Clerk.

BOARD OF TRADE MEETING.

New Organization Formed and Officers Elected.

Pursuant to a call from Chairman R. Hanson, about twenty-five men gathered in the rooms of the Grayling Social Club for the purpose of organizing a commercial club for the promotion and development of things pertaining to Crawford county.

At this meeting a constitution and by-laws, prepared by a committee appointed therefore, were presented and adopted, very few changes being made in the original copy.

Then the matter of selecting a name for this organization was brought up, and a motion was made that it be called "Crawford County Board of Trade." An amendment was offered giving it the name "Crawford County Progressive Association" and the amendment adopted.

Next a recess of about five minutes was taken to find who among those present wished to become members and practically every man there signed the roll.

This was immediately followed by election of officers, with a unanimous vote for R. Hanson for president; O. F. Barnes, vice president and Marius Hanson, treasurer.

On motion the chairman was directed to select a committee of five to make nominations for members of board of directors and to submit not less than eighteen of such persons that would represent the association to best advantage and to report at a meeting called later by the president. Nine of these eighteen nominated are to be elected to the board of directors. They will also be authorized to solicit memberships and make plans for a dinner banquet to be held soon.

It's the purpose of the association to have its directors chosen from all sections or townships of the county so that all communities may be benefited by some of the results derived from this association.



JOHN HANNA.
One of Crawford County's pioneer settlers, who is a well known and highly respected citizen of Beaver Creek township.

Post Patriotic Instructors G. A. R. Department of Michigan.

L'ARRE, MICH., APRIL 16, 1912.
Circular Letter No. 1.

Dear Comrade:
Again our day of memory approaches, the day of all days most sacred in the calendar of the Grand Army of the Republic, and our hearts glow with its tender message as we plan to render loving tribute to the boys who marched forth with us to battle in the long ago, young and stalwart, with the light of a great purpose upon their boyish faces.

They have passed to the final bivouac, and we who remain are but the rear-guard of a once mighty army. Yet the little company which covers the successful retreat is an important part of the command, and there is still work for us which may be significant in results.

There is no more opportune season for teaching patriotism to the young. In many places the last school day previous to Memorial Day is devoted to appropriate exercises, and our Comrades are in demand as speakers. Patriotic instructors are to use their influence to have representative men and good speakers detailed for this service. It is to the children of today that we must look for the perpetuation of the beautiful custom of strewing flowers where our heroes sleep, and otherwise paying tribute to their bravery and their love.

It is especially important that the little ones be taught the significance of the day—that it is not an occasion for sports and festivities, but the National Sabbath, upon which all industrial activity ceases, a day set apart to honor the men who saved the nation from disruption.

Have you ever considered how, in the days we shall not see these children, grown to manhood and womanhood, will cherish the memory of the men of the Grand Army of the Republic who spoke to them in their childhood? The words we speak now will sink deeply into the hearts of the tiny listeners, and their influence will reach far into the future.

Faithfully Yours in P. C. & L.
FRANCIS McFARLEY,
Department Patriotic Instructor.

This office will pay three cents per pound for clean, cotton wiping rags.

MUST VOTE TAXES.

School District Boards Cannot Pay Borrowed Sums From Primary.

Of utmost importance to many city, village and rural districts in Michigan is the opinion just given to Attorney-General Franz C. Kuhn by regard to the use of the primary money which will be apportioned in July of this year. No part of it can be used to pay teacher's for services rendered before the money is received by the district treasurer. If there is no primary money on hand, the districts must pay the teachers from the general fund and this is not to be replaced by primary money when the latter is received.

The general school provides that when the primary fund is exhausted, the teachers are to be paid out of the general fund. If there are not sufficient funds on hand, the school board may vote a tax sufficient and then borrow money on the amount voted, no action of the people being necessary. Special provision for the year 1912 is made in section 23 of the school laws as follows: "Provided, that, if any deficiency shall be caused in the teachers' wages fund in any school district by the changing of the date of the apportionment of the primary school interest fund by the superintendent of public instruction, the school board or board of education of said district shall have authority first to borrow on the warrant of the district a sum sufficient to meet such deficiency or, second, to borrow and issue bonds of the school district for the sum of such deficiency for a period not to exceed five years."

This deficiency on the bonds must be paid out of the general fund and not from the primary money.

Poor appetite is a sure sign of impaired digestion. A few doses of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets will strengthen your digestion and improve your appetite. Thousands have been benefited by taking these Tablets. Sold by all dealers.

Makes Pimples Go.

Remarkable How Zemo Clears the Face of Pimples and All Other Blemishes.

With the finger tips apply a little Zemo to skin, then see the pimples and blackheads vanish. Zemo is a liquid, not a smear, leaves no trace, just simply sinks in and does the work. You will be astonished to find how quickly eczema, rash, dandruff, itch, silver spots, salt rheum and all other skin diseases are cured. Zemo is put up by the E. W. Ross Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo., and is regularly sold by all druggists at \$1 for the large bottle, but you can get a liberal size bottle for only 25 cents. And this trial bottle is guaranteed. You surely will find Zemo a wonder. Get a bottle now from A. M. Lewis & Co.'s Drug Store.

JEWELRY Of Quality

appropriate for the different seasons of the year, can always be found at this store.

While we carry a few of the cheaper grades, we prefer to sell dependable goods which have our personal guarantee

You can be sure of getting your money's worth here, as we positively will not misrepresent goods knowingly, and stand ready at all times to make good in any thing that has not proven satisfactory.

C. J. Hathaway

Jeweler and Optometrist

EAT the BEST

NOTHING in the world gives so much pleasure for so little money as a dish of

CONNOR'S ICE CREAM

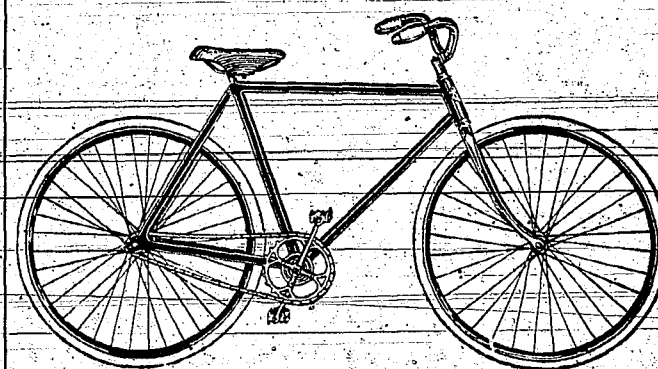
And where in the world can you invest ten cents and draw as big a dividend of pleasure as from a dish of good Ice Cream? Ask for

CONNOR'S ICE CREAM.

FOR SALE AT

OLAF SORENSON & SONS

Job Printing at this Office



FOREWORD

QUALITY has always characterized the Hudson product, and, as the result, the Hudson bicycle today, stands pre-eminent as a machine.

It is known throughout the length and breadth of the Universe, and we are pleased to be able to say that wherever it is ridden, and by whomsoever may ride it, the Hudson wheel is liked, and it gives pronounced satisfaction.

The reason why this is true is readily found in the one word—QUALITY—for nothing cheap or inferior is permitted to enter into the make-up of a Hudson bicycle and it is made in a factory where the workmen do not know how to do cheap or inferior work. Far be it for us to indulge in self-praise, but we are genuinely proud of our work.

Compare the Hudson, point by point, with any other wheel that you may be familiar with, and we are satisfied to accept your own verdict, being sure that the decision will be in favor of the Hudson bicycle with the D. & J. Hanger.

THE MIAMI CYCLE & MFG. CO.

MIDDLETON, OHIO.

In accepting the agency for the Hudson Bicycles we did so with a full knowledge of their quality. For further information call at the Avalanche office.

O. P. SCHUMANN.

The Avalanche

O. P. SCHUMAN, Pub.
GRATINGS, MICHIGAN.

If there is a baseball trust it is one that is in the umpire.

A man rarely knows when to discard an old suit of clothes.

Goose eggs begin to be a little less prominent in the standing of the baseball clubs.

No little outcry is now directed at the umpire. The bandwagon has lost its monopoly.

A Rhode Island legislator advocates a law to stop sloppiness, but jays laughs at lawlessness.

"Eating," says a scientist, "is a dying art." It behooves some kind friend to blow him to a meat.

Friskish styles of the present season need not be expected to reduce the number of misogynists.

The "Jelly wobble" is the latest dance fad in Washington. And in politics "everybody's doing it."

Story tellers in Japan get 20 cents an hour, but fishermen in this country tell stories by the hour, gratis.

The inventor of the wireless telegraph has taken his place among the greatest of the world's benefactors.

In these nightmarish times of moving and housecleaning modern man envies his forbears who lived in caves.

Strawberries and rubies look somewhat alike, and at this time of the year they closely resemble each other in price.

A Philadelphia policeman has returned from the force with a fortune of \$250,000. Of course, he saved it out of his wages.

An eccentric Massachusetts woman has bequeathed \$100,000 to a horse, all of which may be considered a horse on her relatives.

A Chicago physician says street car straps are covered with every germ known to science. Don't your hands after strap hugging.

A Massachusetts man comes to the front with two cats that have cork screw tails. Now we know why it's called kattenjammer.

The University of Wisconsin asserts that very few of its students become old maids. There will now be a rush to the higher education.

The latest fashionable dance in Washington is announced as the "jelly wobble." The next one will probably be the "pickle prance."

Anger causes cold feet, says a Chicago professor. Evidently preparing to boom the overboiled trade in Chicago during the convention.

A California man has been fined for beating up his mother-in-law, but there are those who believe that he deserves a Carnegie medal.

It has been discovered by a statistician that more divorces are granted in April than in any other month. House cleaning time and moving time.

Now a woman has flown across the English channel as a passenger in an aeroplane. Another notice to John Bull that they cannot be kept down.

Scientists have perfected an apparatus for broiling 700 steaks in six minutes, showing how some people like to daily with matters of pure theory.

Capt. Scott has decided to spend another year in the vicinity of the South Pole. The women are right. Some men never do know when to come home.

A young westerner ran his fair car into another and fled the fair car without a word. It has always been our contention that motoring is a dangerous sport.

In Strasburg, Germany, a cobbler has, after working fifteen years upon it, finished a clock that is made of straw. This impresses us as being about as important as a straw vote.

One Turkish soldier was killed in a bombardment of forts on the Gallipoli by Italian warships. That is almost comparable with the report of a preliminary in an obscure boxing show.

Women's clubs in Cincinnati want a curfew law for men, requiring all to be at home at nine o'clock. Now there will be a hurried masculine protest against the feminization of the law.

It required the Austro-Hungarian ambassador to the United States to protest successfully against the exportation of a New York automobile driver, although this is the land of freedom from tyranny.

A section of the brain of an infant has been transplanted to the infant of a man. If it should appear that the transplanted portion still retains the infantile instincts there may come some elements in the life of its adult possessor fraught with surprise and embarrassment.

The army doctors after a fair test have decided that red flannel is not a protection against heat in the tropics. The soldiers who have been the unwilling victims of scientific experiment reached that conclusion the first day.

Speaking once more of the propriety of asking a witness to tell his or her age and admitting that a woman is "as old as she looks," no older, the estimating of her age might be left to the presiding judge. But would it be quite fair to compel a masculine witness to tell how old he feels?

CONGRESSMAN ROBERT TURNBULL



Robert Turnbull is the Democratic representative from the Fourth district of Virginia, having been elected in 1910 to fill out the unexpired term of E. R. Lanier, and re-elected to the present Congress. He was born in Brunswick county, where he still resides, in 1850 and has served the public in many capacities.

NEWS BRIEFS.

A bill requiring compulsory education in Alaska passed the senate.

Thomas Erasmus Boone, a descendant of Daniel Boone, the famous Kentucky pioneer, died in Brooklyn at the age of 90.

A fund of \$500,000 for the Massachusetts Institute of Technology has been provided for in the will of Charles H. Smith, an attorney of Boston.

Rev. Henry Channing Butler, for many years pastor of the First Unitarian church in New York, died at his home in Quilley.

The annual report of the New York lawyers' association shows that there are now 14,646 lawyers practicing in New York county which embraces only part of the greater city. The total is 6% smaller than in 1911.

After an investigation lasting eight months, Col. Willis N. Slossen has been relieved from all charges of incompetency and he will resume his duties as supervisor of the Santa Barbara harbor.

William Lewis, a New York banker, died at his home in New York.

It has been discovered by a statistician that more divorces are granted in April than in any other month.

Now a woman has flown across the English channel as a passenger in an aeroplane. Another notice to John Bull that they cannot be kept down.

Scientists have perfected an apparatus for broiling 700 steaks in six minutes, showing how some people like to daily with matters of pure theory.

Capt. Scott has decided to spend another year in the vicinity of the South Pole. The women are right. Some men never do know when to come home.

A young westerner ran his fair car into another and fled the fair car without a word. It has always been our contention that motoring is a dangerous sport.

In Strasburg, Germany, a cobbler has, after working fifteen years upon it, finished a clock that is made of straw. This impresses us as being about as important as a straw vote.

One Turkish soldier was killed in a bombardment of forts on the Gallipoli by Italian warships. That is almost comparable with the report of a preliminary in an obscure boxing show.

Women's clubs in Cincinnati want a curfew law for men, requiring all to be at home at nine o'clock. Now there will be a hurried masculine protest against the feminization of the law.

It required the Austro-Hungarian ambassador to the United States to protest successfully against the exportation of a New York automobile driver, although this is the land of freedom from tyranny.

A section of the brain of an infant has been transplanted to the infant of a man. If it should appear that the transplanted portion still retains the infantile instincts there may come some elements in the life of its adult possessor fraught with surprise and embarrassment.

The army doctors after a fair test have decided that red flannel is not a protection against heat in the tropics. The soldiers who have been the unwilling victims of scientific experiment reached that conclusion the first day.

Speaking once more of the propriety of asking a witness to tell his or her age and admitting that a woman is "as old as she looks," no older, the estimating of her age might be left to the presiding judge. But would it be quite fair to compel a masculine witness to tell how old he feels?

TELEGRAPH NOTES.

That neither early adjournment nor a recess of congress during the national convention periods is among the probabilities was made clear in the senate at the beginning of the discussion of the metal bill.

Judges Lacombe, Case, Ward and Noyes, of the circuit court of appeals, appointed Wilson H. Budge, a New York lawyer, as special examiner to take testimony in the government's suit to dissolve the American Sugar Refining company.

In an effort to counteract the effects of the campaign tour of Col. William Jennings Bryan in Ohio, Gov. Gordon Harman has arranged for a tour of the state by the state police. All of his speeches will be made in the evening.

Contrary to an expected decrease in the number of Chicago liquor licenses issued for 1912, through the reported intention of some 200 saloonkeepers to go out of business, inspection of the books of the city collector shows that practically all of the 1,000 licenses of 1911 have been renewed.

The returns from special election in Pocahontas hills show that John D. Rockefeller, candidate for justice, has been elected by a majority of one vote.

The successful candidate was Irving L. Bryant, a farmer whose property adjoins the Rockefeller estate.

Registration of improper characters in many cities will be undertaken by the federal government, for instance, a country-wide campaign against the "white slave" law, according to Stanley W. Finch, chief of the bureau of investigation of the department of justice, who arrived in Chicago.

Confederate currency seized by the nation army during the civil war, which has been stored in the archives of the treasury department for nearly 50 years, will be distributed by Secretary MacVeagh to libraries, state and university libraries, the country over to be preserved as historic objects.

Boston is to have a hospital for the "blues," the first of its kind in the world. The institution, which is to be a branch of the Boston state hospital for the insane, will be conducted on the theory that all cases of mental depression are simply forms of physical sickness, which can be alleviated with proper treatment.

Following the selection of a site on the Panama canal zone for one of the great white fortifications, which is to be part of the chain contemplated by the navy department, regulations have been promulgated by the president for the establishment of any private or commercial wireless station within the limits of the zone.

President Taft took a decided step toward revision of the patent laws, which have remained practically unchanged since 1870. He sent a special message to congress asking for legislation to authorize him to appoint a commission to investigate the patent laws and report what changes were necessary to make them fit modern conditions.

The Missouri supreme court has sustained the constitutionality of the semi-monthly wage payment law for employees of railroads and other corporations.

Dr. Vernon Briggs, alienist acting for Governor Ross in the Richeson case, has been unable after several examinations to report definite findings as to the mental condition of Richeson. He will make another examination soon, and in the meantime Richeson is to remain in the Charles street jail, although the usual custom calls for the prisoner's removal to the death cell in the Charleston state prison.

"I could not expect Senator Penrose's representative in the cabinet to take any other attitude." This was the only comment Colonel Roosevelt had to make on the speech of Secretary Knox in Los Angeles.

The American Geographical society has planned a transcontinental excursion to celebrate the sixtieth anniversary of the founding of the society in New York about August 15, the excursionists, under the leadership of Prof. William Morris Davis, of Harvard, intend to follow a route through the extreme points of which are Seattle, San Francisco, the Grand Canyon, and Chattanooga.

COMMERCE BOARD IS BUSY

Starts Work to Enhance Industrial and Agricultural Conditions.

Lansing was chosen a permanent headquarters for the recently organized Michigan Association of Agriculture and Commerce at the first meeting of the board of directors of that body, held at the chamber of commerce. Business men from all parts of Michigan compose the state association and its objects are improvement of general business and commercial and civic conditions. One of the features will be the improvement of the state, it is the aim of the association to secure for the properties, industries, destined to build cities and greatly enhance the importance of Michigan in the industry and commerce of the world. The principles of the association will be to encourage, foster, develop, culture and transportation facilities, as well as the interests of commerce and industry. Membership includes representatives of local, county, district and state organizations whose aims are similar.

A bridge across San Francisco bay via Yerba Buena islands was unanimously approved by the board of supervisors. Congress recently granted permission for such a bridge.

THE MARKETS.

Market steady, good grades the higher than last week. Wheat, 1912, 1913, 1914, 1915, 1916, 1917, 1918, 1919, 1920, 1921, 1922, 1923, 1924, 1925, 1926, 1927, 1928, 1929, 1930, 1931, 1932, 1933, 1934, 1935, 1936, 1937, 1938, 1939, 1940, 1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945, 1946, 1947, 1948, 1949, 1950, 1951, 1952, 1953, 1954, 1955, 1956, 1957, 1958, 1959, 1960, 1961, 1962, 1963, 1964, 1965, 1966, 1967, 1968, 1969, 1970, 1971, 1972, 1973, 1974, 1975, 1976, 1977, 1978, 1979, 1980, 1981, 1982, 1983, 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987, 1988, 1989, 1990, 1991, 1992, 1993, 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 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2741, 2742, 2743, 2744, 2745, 2746, 2747, 2748, 2749, 2750, 2751, 2752, 2753, 2754, 2755, 2756, 2757, 2758, 2759, 2760, 2761, 2762, 2763, 2764, 2765, 2766, 2767, 2768, 2769, 2770, 2771, 2772, 2773, 2774, 2775, 2776, 2777, 2778, 2779, 2780, 2781, 2782, 2783, 2784, 2785, 2786, 2787, 2788, 2789, 2790, 2791, 2792, 2793, 2794, 2795, 2796, 2797, 2798, 2799, 2800, 2801, 2802, 2803, 2804, 2805, 2806, 2807, 2808, 2809, 2810, 2811, 2812, 2813, 2814, 2815, 2816, 2817, 2818, 2819, 2820, 2821, 2822, 2823, 2824, 2825, 2826, 2827, 2828, 2829, 2830, 2831, 2832, 2833, 2834, 2835, 2836, 2837, 2838, 2839, 2840, 2841, 2842, 2843, 2844, 2845, 2846, 2847, 2848, 2849, 2850, 2851, 2852, 2853, 2854, 2855, 2856, 2857, 2858, 2859, 2860, 2861, 2862, 2863, 2864, 2865, 2866, 2867, 2868, 2869, 2870, 2871, 2872, 2873, 2874, 2875, 2876, 2877, 2878, 2879, 2880, 2881, 2882, 2883, 2884, 2885, 2886, 2887, 2888, 2889, 2890, 2891, 2892, 2893, 2894, 2895, 2896, 2897, 2898, 2899, 2900, 2901, 2902, 2903, 2904, 2905, 2906, 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Crawford Avalanche.

G. P. Schumann, Editor and Proprietor.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One Year	\$1.50
Six Months	75
Three Months	40

Entered as second-class matter at the Postoffice at Grayling, Mich., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, MAY 16

The enterprise of the Detroit Times is fast pushing this most excellent newspaper to the front. It is a clean, moral and genuinely home paper. Editorially it is fair, independent and fearless, inspiring the reader to nobler deeds, more intelligent and cleaner thoughts, self reliance and love of his fellow men. It was a hard struggle that this publication had in its infant years, but with its present manager, Mr. James Schermerhorn, who was its founder, at the helm there was no such word as fail. With his mighty intellect and his indefatigable energy, surrounded by an able corps of assistants he has forged ahead until now he has brought the Times up to the point where some, who are in a position to judge, say that this is to become the future newspaper of Detroit. Mr. Schermerhorn was born in Hudson and was the son of W. B. Schermerhorn, then publisher of the Hudson Gazette and it was here that "Jim" began his career as a printer. At the death of his father he was a student at West Point, but had to sacrifice his military longings to take up the reins left by the still hands of his father and to be the guiding helm for an invalid mother with a large family. Later he went to Detroit and soon became the head editorial writer for the Detroit Free Press. It was about the year of 1890 that he launched what is now the Detroit Times. Dropping a fat salary to take up the losing newspaper proposition was no enviable task but he has admirable won and today he is known throughout the broad expanse of our country and the Times is growing with him. When Mr. Schermerhorn gets up to speak the people listen and he pours out his thoughts with a charm and interest that holds his auditors to the last word. His masterful oratory has given him the name of being the best after-dinner talker in Detroit. May he live long and be able to chide his massive mind that the people may be benefited from his wisdom.

Are You For Your Town?

Mr. Citizen:

Are you for parcels post?

Do you want a law passed that will take the dollars from our town and turn them into the coffers of the mail-order houses of the big cities?

Are you for our town, or are you for the big city?

The passage of a parcel post law means that cheaper merchandise must place their honest merchandise in direct competition with out-goods sold by the catalog houses.

The stores of our town are the backbone of our town.

Close our stores and what have you left?

Close our stores; send the money of

What Have Manure Spreaders Done For Your Neighbors?

THE next time you see the local dealer, get him to give you the history of some of the I. H. C. manure spreaders he has sold. Then get the story of other spreaders and draw your own conclusions as to which spreader does the best work at the lowest cost.

Durability pays. The spreader that does the best work for the longest time is the cheapest to buy. The more you find out about spreaders, the more certain you will be to go to the local dealer and buy an

I H C Manure Spreader Kemp 20th Century Corn King or Cloverleaf

The best spreaders made are the I. H. C. manure spreaders your local dealer sells, and if you give him a chance he will soon convince you of that fact and give you good common-sense reasons for buying an I. H. C. spreader from him.

International Harvester Company of America

Chicago, U. S. A.

I. H. C. Service Bureau

The purpose of this Bureau is to furnish free of charge to all the best information available on better farming. If you have questions concerning crops, land drainage, irrigation, fertilizers, etc., make your inquiry and send them to the I. H. C. Service Bureau, Harvester Building, Chicago, U. S. A.

the town to the cities, and we will soon close our school houses and our churches.

The country store is the farmer's place. It is where he sells his produce. It is the market that aids materially in making farm values, and parcels post will close our stores and take the merchandising business of our community to the cities.

The enactment of such a law means the death knell of hundreds of country towns, because it means the death of the country store, the farmer's market place.

The death of the country store means destroying the social center, the removing of all that is attractive in the social life of both those residing in the country towns and on the farms.

Tell our congressman and our senators that you expect them to vote against parcels post if they expect the support of our people.

Religion and Socialism.

Special to Avalanche—On Wednesday evening, May 1st, an unexpected crowd gathered at the Frederic town hall to hear Rev. Henry Mosley's lecture on "Religion and Socialism." Announced as the first of a series of lectures to working men. It being necessary to secure more seating accommodation, the adjoining church, which many remained standing. After special music ably contributed by Mr. Rievel's orchestra, the chairman, Mr. James Cameron, called upon the lecturer, who outlining socialism as a scheme for the socialization of all public utilities, an economic system while religion was a self-evident part of man's being, beyond any scientific system, purely psychic in its nature. Therefore while their relationship was so constantly discussed, they could not be so different in nature, being in any sense related.

If they came to view socialism from the true perspective and not from its most despicable followers it would appear to them as being the grandest ideal of industrial society the mind of man has yet conceived, and likewise if socialists would seek an explanation of religion, not from failures in the church, but from their own psychic phenomena yet reality. In Christ may be seen what religion was and could accomplish.

Circuit Court.

A short session of the circuit court, lasting but two and one-half hours, was held Monday afternoon.

The following cases were disposed of:

The people vs. Peter Miller, escape from jail, stricken from calendar.

The people vs. Peter E. Johnson, violation of the school law, sentence postponed to July term.

Anna E. Green, administratrix vs. M. C. R. R. Co., trespass on the cars, stricken from the calendar, and settled out of court.

Adam Clarke, administrator, vs. J. C. R. R. Co., trespass on the cars, stricken from the calendar and settled out of court.

A. H. Mason vs. Minnie A. Robertson, attachment, stricken from the calendar on motion of O. Palmer.

Jacob Katz vs. E. J. Saltzman, decree of foreclosure granted.

Myrtle McLeod vs. James H. McLeod, divorce, decree granted.

Alice May Turner vs. Geo. Turner, divorce, decree granted.

Edwin A. Smith vs. Almira Smith, divorce, decree granted.

Nellie Holderied vs. William Holderied, divorce, decree granted.

Extract From Michigan Crop Report.

The following table will show the prospect at the present time for a crop of the various kinds of fruit in the different sections of the lower peninsula:

	State	South	Central	Northern
Apples	78	75	80	78
Pears	68	67	67	71
Peaches	22	19	21	30
Plums	69	63	67	70
G cherries	78	74	79	83
Small fruit	80	78	78	85

This report is an exact copy of the crop report as issued by the secretary of state, dated May 1st, 1912. Invariably this section of Michigan surpasses in production of fruits all other parts of Michigan and the people living in what is generally known as the fruit belt will have to look to their laurels if they don't want us to win this title away from them. We are just coming into our own in fruit growing. Our crops are abundant and the fruit the finest.

Also our percentage was greatest in wheat, rye and clover.

Sealed Bids.

Sealed bids will be received for the construction of a concrete or cement block wall under the barn on the county farm, will be received at the county clerk's office until 12 o'clock noon of June 6th, 1912. Specifications are on file in the county clerk's office. The right to reject any or all bids is reserved.

Dated, Grayling, Mich., this 9th day of May, 1912.

By direction of the Building Committee

JOHN J. NEDDER, County Clerk.

Additional Local News

Perry Hatch sold his farm in Beaver Creek to Nick Sobjotz, Grayling. He will build on his other forty north of the schoolhouse.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Wilcox, former residents here who now live in Flint, are visiting their daughter, Mrs. H. Oaks, and other friends.

Mr. Ira Sewell of Beaver Creek, who has been in poor health for some time, is seriously ill, and most of the family have come home. His son, Leiman Sewell, of Vanderbilt, arrived yesterday.

Two arrests have been made so far this season for setting forest fires. One was Isaac Boyd and the other Henry Kellogg, both of South Branch township. They plead guilty and each was fined ten dollars and costs. The complaints in these cases were made by Clarence J. Phelps, of West Branch, who is deputy game, fish and forest warden.

"The Underhill" is the name given the new fishing resort owned by Dr. Underhill, of Lovells. It is located one and one-half miles north of Lovells on the North Branch of the Anishabbe river. They say that the fishing here is the "best ever" at this place and that they know just where to direct their guests for good fishing. They run a free bus to and from all trains at Lovells. Parties from this point are directed by them to Olson's Auto Livestock transportation service; if they don't take the train. Their rates are \$2.00 per day.

Our O. F. Barnes is prominently spoken of as a candidate for nomination for governor of Michigan, on the Democrat ticket, but declines the honor. If Mr. Barnes was as well known over Michigan as he is in the north eastern part of the state he could get the plum without any trying. And how could the Democrats pick a better man? He is rightly constituted for this high office and his experience in affairs of the state would fully qualify him. The Bay City papers are saying that he is a large ranch or land owner in Roscommon county, which of course, as we all know, is a mistake. His address is Roscommon but his lands are all in Crawford county.

A few days ago the N. E. Development bureau was informed by one of our Northwestern Michigan men that he has raised four acres of potatoes, which selling at one dollar per bushel, had brought him sufficient money to pay for 40 acres of the land such as these potatoes were raised upon. This is not a good story to publish outside our district for people who are familiar with high priced land are scared at the low prices asked in Northwestern Michigan, and yet allowing a liberal amount for cost of raising these potatoes and admitting that the price obtained was fairly exceptional, yet the profit per acre for potatoes when figured on percentage basis shows rather large interest on the money invested even if one figured the land at highest Northwestern Michigan prices and the yield per acre is really below the average.

The great Woman Suffrage parade which took place in New York on May 4th, will go down in history as one of most representative and democratic demonstrations this country has ever known. Tens of thousands of women of every class and occupation—multi-millions, college professors, doctors, lawyers, authors, artists, nurses, stenographers, dressmakers, cooks, laundresses—marched shoulder to shoulder, united by their common cause, with a dignity and seriousness of purpose born of profound faith in a great principle. At the close of the parade a mass meeting was held in Carnegie Hall, at which \$2500 was collected. Plans are maturing in Michigan for the work incident to the suffrage campaign which will be vigorously waged for the next six months, or until the November election. The entire state is being organized by counties, with headquarters at Detroit, from which speakers, organizers and literature will be sent out.

The Detroit News on May 1st published an article headed "Limit in School Houses Exists in Crawford County." Now we are all proud of our county and at first we would naturally resent such an insult. The school house in reference is located in school district No. 3, Frederic township. This building is thirteen by nineteen feet and has a seven foot ceiling. They say that it looks more like a "fisherman's shanty." There are nine seats in the room that set up close to the wall, leaving but a narrow aisle in the middle. The teacher complains also that she has frequently to go to nearby wood lots to pick up chips with which to start the fire, and claims that she has requested the board to furnish her an axe and the axe is still coming. All this and much more together with a picture of the building was published in the News. Upon investigation we find that their report is not overdrawn, sorry as we are to say it. Good schools, we believe, should be one of the first considerations in any community. There may be, however, good reasons for this as the country here is sparsely settled and the expense of a new building may be more than this district can afford, but we believe that it would be money well invested to erect a suitable building in this district. We are informed that a desirable site has been offered free of charge to the district and we hope that it won't be long before a neat, commodious, well-lighted and ventilated school house will be the boast of the people in this school district.

Dr. Keyport left today for Washington, D. C., where he expects to join Mrs. Keyport, and together they will spend about two weeks visiting friends and seeing sights in the east.

Rev. Fr. Riess, also Martin Nelson, of Lawiston, are driving new Buick autos, just purchased from Marlin Hanson. It is the general opinion that they are the most handsome cars in the county.

There was a meeting of the O. R. M. O. C. O. Medical society here yesterday, at Mercy hospital. Dr. McVeigh of Detroit, conducted a clinic, performing a rectal operation. In the evening the society met at the home of Dr. S. N. Insley, where the official business meeting was held and paper read by Dr. G. V. Brown, on the subject of local and spinal anaesthesia. Dr. McVeigh also gave a talk on rectal diseases. The members of the society enjoyed a luncheon given by Mrs. Insley after their meeting.

King Frederick VIII, of Denmark, died in Hamburg, Germany, last Tuesday evening, of apoplexy. The king was just returning from the south where he had been for his health and was traveling incognito. He had gone a short distance from his hotel when he was overcome and taken to a hospital where he died in a way a few minutes later, unrecognized. Members of the king's suite became alarmed over his failure to return and search was begun. They found his majesty dead at the hospital. He will be succeeded by Crown Prince Christian.

Correspondence

Lovell's Locals.

Mr. Maurice Gorman and family of Grayling, spent Sunday at the home of Peter Frank.

William Geoboo, chauffeur for W. B. Mershon made a trip to Saginaw on Thursday of last week.

Louis Hillsendegen of Detroit, arrived at the Douglas hotel on Friday for a few days' trout fishing.

A continuous downpour of rain for some days, which is delightfully received but not by the fishing tourists.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Ryburn of Astoria, Ill., arrived on Tuesday last to spend the summer at their ranch here.

Mrs. Floyd Goshorn, and son arrived the fore part of last week for several weeks stay with her husband, who boards at the Stillwagon home.

Lovells was almost surrounded by forest fires on Friday and the date portion worked strenuously to prevent the school house being destroyed.

Mr. Arthur Arnold closes a very successful term of school on Friday of this week. The probabilities of his non-return are much lamented by the district.

It is understood that Mr. Wells and family of Standish are to spend several weeks camping at Lovells and Mrs. J. C. Hewitt, of Standish, as their guests.

Mr. Erie Scott came over from Manton, recently and was accompanied on his return home by his family on Thursday of last week. They expect to move here soon.

Mrs. Foot is quite seriously ill at the home of her daughter Mrs. Victor Lonsdale who is very much alarmed over her condition. We hope to hear of an improvement in her condition soon.

We are glad to hear that Mr. Leykaut of Detroit, remembered our much esteemed "Postmaster," with a beautiful brooch of his famous hand-painted china, which is the admiration of all that behold it.

Mr. James Nolan of Chicago, who visited recently with Thos. Morris has purchased the Gustav Engle farm in section two, town twenty-seven north, range two west, and returned home last week but expects to come again in the near future.

To the Public.

I wish to inform all that I am now ready to take orders for Nursery Stock for spring delivery, with information from the company to give the best of satisfaction from the largest house in the world, with 1200 acres under cultivation for nursery stock, to be delivered in April. All stock is warranted and satisfaction guaranteed.

JOHN H. TOBIN.

NOTICE.

The Board of Review of the Village of Grayling will meet at the Town Hall, May 28th and 29th, 1912, for the purpose of reviewing the assessment roll.

JAMES W. SORENSON, Assessor.

Home Town Helps

ENGLISH TOWN IS A MODEL

Bourneville, Suburb of Birmingham, Practically Ideal in All its Arrangements.

Under the head "Garden Cities" Wilhelm Miller gives us a splendid picture of an ideal garden city. He says: "The most perfect city I have ever seen or heard of is the famous city of Bourneville, a suburb of Birmingham, England. I was simply transported by the healthfulness, happiness, and beauty of the place, and I believe it gives the people more for their money than any city on earth. Any one who has cherished some noble vision of a glorified humanity would be intensely interested to see Bourneville."

"Can you imagine yourself living four miles from the city of Pittsburgh in a suburban town of about 3,000 inhabitants, where there are no saloons and never can be any slums, noise, dirt, crowding, factory smells, billboards, or streets torn up for gas-lighting or sewers? Wouldn't you like a chance to play golf, tennis, cricket, bowls, or hockey under ideal circumstances at a cost of a few cents a day? Wouldn't you be satisfied with the social life of a community that has splendid schools, churches, baths, gymnasium, meeting-house, and one-tenth of its whole area given up to parks and playgrounds? Wouldn't you feel safer in a city where the national birth rate has been doubled and the death rate cut in two? And what would you say to a handsome brick house of seven rooms and bath, with an eighth of an acre already planted with fruit trees, vines, and lawn at a rental of \$12.30 a month?"

"Bourneville was founded by George Cadbury, the cocoa manufacturer. Only 41 per cent. of the renters at Bourneville are employees of the factory. The others came from anywhere and everywhere, and many of them spend their days in Birmingham. Consequently the social life is that of a normal, mixed community—not merely industrial or suburban. In the second place, Bourneville really pays. The city's chief source of income is rent. Everybody pays 8 per cent. on the investment actually made in his house and lot. The city's income doubles every five years (it is now fifteen years old) and in fifty years, at this rate, it will have an annual income of about \$5,000,000. And since it will never have to pay back Mr. Cadbury's gift of about \$75,000, the city will have a large sum available for building other cities like Bourneville."

TREES FOR CITY STREETS

Silver Wattle is Considered One of the Best That is Available at the Present.

Acacia Dealbata, the silver wattle, is one of the best trees we have for city street-planting, and considered by the writer (at present) the very best. We are still in our infancy, in the street tree question, for none has been sufficiently proven to give us a permanent opinion as to its comparative value. We plant out a new tree, and after four or five years' trial conclude it is eminently satisfactory. At the end of another five years the same tree may be a wretched subject, quite unfit for street planting. The pepper alone has stood the test of time, but city residents do not want it, for they will not properly plant and care for it. While the silver wattle should be as well cared for, it conducts itself properly with a little less restriction than the pepper tree, and is really the most beautiful of all acacias.

Dr. Burnham's San Jak

Is the world's best and quickest cure for Catarrh, Coughs, Hoarseness, Tuberculosis, Kidney and Bladder Trouble, and excels any and all for the quick relief and cure of Rheumatism.

We guarantee the above, or hand you back the price of one bottle, at Olson's.

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Grayling, Mich.

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DRY CLEANERS

ESTABLISHED 1877
CLEANERS AND DYERS OF CARPETS
DRAPIERIES, LACES AND GARMENTS
WRITE FOR PRICES
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Shoes!

We have all kinds, Mens, Ladies' and Children's. Latest Styles, good quality, and

Prices Right

If we guarantee a Shoe to be right, you know we are here and make it right if not satisfactory.

SALLING, HANSON CO.

Step forth Looking your Finest



Come in and let us show you our huge assortment of

Ladies' Coats and Suits

in Serges, Whipcords, Tweeds and English mixtures.

Plain Tailored Styles as well as cleverly trimmed effects, on which satin and contrasting colored materials are used on the new shaped collars and cuffs.

Also a line of Norfolk Suits. We are ready to serve you.

A. KRAUS & SON

Leading Dry Goods and Clothing

Shoes and Shoes

Well, we certainly have a line of New Shoes that is up-to-date in style, quality and prices.

For Ladies, Misses and Children, Men and Boys

We can fit you and we can suit you, come in and see for yourself.

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is always complete, new goods arriving daily. Prices always the lowest and.

Quality the Highest
Come in yourself or phone No. 25.

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WORLD'S EVENTS, monthly for one year
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WOMAN'S WORLD, monthly for one year
FARM LIFE, monthly for one year

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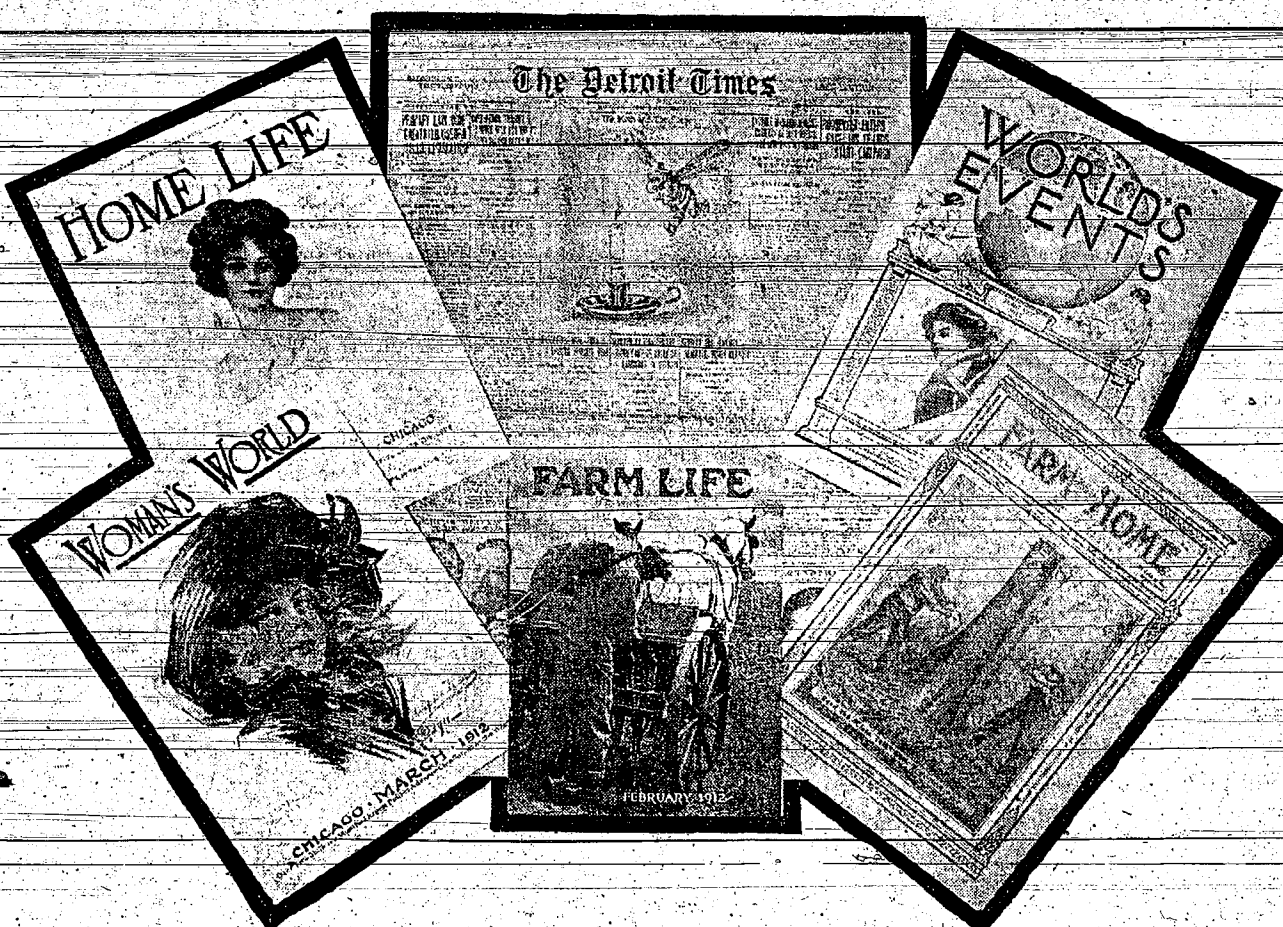
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Woman's World

The Woman's World, edited by Herbert Kaufman, contains over two million families every month. Every issue contains attractive articles on timely subjects written by the foremost men and women of the day. In it you will find history, travels, scenes, inventions, art, literature, drama, education, religion and many useful departments of interest to most every member of the family, such as music, cooking, fashions, needle work, hairdressing, home dress making, health, etc. The front cover page is a work of art itself. Every month this page contains a fine drawing by some noted artist and is printed in many colors on two of the largest magazine presses in this country. Woman's World is superior to most magazines selling for \$1.00 a year.

Home Life

Home Life stands first among popular magazines and its cheerful, witty articles are read each month by more than 900,000 homes. Monthly editorials and educational articles by Rev. Dr. Frank W. Gunsaulus, one of the foremost literary men of the west and long national figure as writer and lecturer, together with original humorous stories, written exclusively for the Home Life by Otto Reid, is abundant evidence of high character of all articles appearing on its pages. It has a music page and department devoted to crocheting, fancy needle work, fashions, home talk, etc. General-interest stories—the popular serial stories of well-known American authors appear continuously, and altogether this magazine is a storehouse of good things.



Farm Life

Farm Life should be in the home of every farmer and truck-raiser in this country.

Farm Life is edited for live farmers who want to make money in the farm business. Every farmer who can appreciate the advantage of modern farm practice should subscribe to it.

Farm Life is of inestimable value to every housekeeper, cow, sheep and cattle raiser; in fact, everyone engaged in agricultural pursuits. Articles are printed in each issue for practical uses; no theorizing or guessing, as its various departments are edited by men of wide and thorough experience.

Farm Life is a great agricultural monthly devoted to the interests of scientific farming. It is a monthly digest of all the important farm news "boiled down" from all over the world. It treats on facts only and not theories. It provides the best literature on agricultural subjects that the world can supply.

Farm and Home

Farm and Home is as important to you as any publication in your home.

Farm and Home tells the farmer what this great world is planning and accomplishing for him, and its editorials will inspire him to try new methods that will prove profitable and add greatly to his bank account.

World's Events

A liberally illustrated magazine, covers the "World's Views" and gives you the "World's Views" condensed in a few words. The "World's Views" are discussed by such writers as Elbert Hubbard, Jane Addams, Dr. W. A. Evans, Bruce Barton, Edwin L. Sabine and others whose opinions are of value.

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is an Independent, Progressive, Daily Newspaper that stands for Clean Journalism and Honest Advertising

Carries a complete and accurate market report, fearless editorials, gives all the State, National and Sporting News. No Liquor, Fraudulent Investment, Fake Medical or Loan Shark Advertising appear in this paper.

Send in your subscription to-day; you need The Detroit Times more than ever during 1912. It will be a year of large events. There is to be tremendous activity in state and national politics. 1912 is to be the year of presidential election. The Detroit Times will reflect it all—with forceful editorial comment thereon—and bring you day by day, a calendar of the world's activities. By sending in your subscription today, you will be able to secure

The Detroit Times until January 1, 1913

and the above five magazines one year for \$1.25. If you take advantage of this today, you will receive that much more for your money. This is positively the greatest offer ever made by any daily paper. Don't lay this aside, thinking you will take advantage of it later on. Now is the time to subscribe.

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Michigan

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Soil in Both Peninsulas Admirably Adapted To Their Growth

A MIGHTY FACTOR FOR PERMANENT PROSPERITY

Millions For Michigan Derived Annually From This Important Industry

With the single exception of the automobile industry, no other industry in the State of Michigan has shown the development within the past ten years that characterizes the beet sugar industry of Michigan. It is only twelve years since the first factory was built in this state, and practically but ten years since the industry got under way. This year the sixteen factories in operation in Michigan produced slightly in excess of 100,000,000 lbs. of granulated sugar, the value of which is over \$12,000,000. This is more sugar than Michigan consumes in twelve months. Instead of sending out of the state \$10,000,000 to pay her annual sugar bill, there has been brought into the state \$12,000,000 for distribution to the citizens of the commonwealth. The value of Michigan's sugar output is greater than the value of her wheat crop. It is equal to the value of her potato crop, and Michigan is the third greatest state in the Union in the production of potatoes. The sugar this state produces is more than twice as valuable as the combined barley, rye and oats crop of Michigan. For sugar is 40 per cent of the value of her corn crop, and 30 per cent of the value of her wheat crop. Moreover, this enormous additional agricultural resource has been added to the state's wealth without decreasing the value of her other annual lines of production. It has been a net gain of \$12,000,000 in her annual resources.

The above figures relate simply to the value of Michigan's granulated sugar. They do not include the value of the by-products. If these by-products are added to the value of the granulated sugar produced, we will have a grand total of over \$14,000,000, which is nearly equal to the value of the wheat crop for the State of Michigan. Another remarkable feature connected with the development of the industry in this state is the fact that the yield in beets per acre and the amount of sugar in the beets have steadily increased. Last year the average yield per acre in this state was fully 20 tons more than it was five years ago. Moreover, the sugar content has increased during the past ten years from about 15 per cent to nearly 17 per cent. For the past two years the sugar content in Michigan beets has been greater than in any other state in the Union, with the possible exception of some portions of California. Her beets are usually richer in sugar than those grown on the irrigated fields of Colorado. This has conclusively demonstrated that the climate and soil conditions of Michigan are well adapted to the production of sugar. Scientists have repeatedly stated that the climate and soil of Michigan closely resemble the climate and soil of Germany, the results obtained in this state are demonstrating the correctness of this assertion.

The improvement in the tonnage and sugar content of the beets grown in Michigan is directly traceable to certain well-known facts, such as greater care in the selection of seed, more expert cultivation of the growing crop and a more rigorous selection of seed for the future. The development of the future will be along the perfection of agricultural methods in planting, growing and harvesting the crop. If the Michigan farmer will use as much care in the planting, cultivating and harvesting of his crop as does the German farmer there is no reason why a field of beets grown in Michigan should not yield as much as two acres of the best beet fields of Germany. In these sections of the state where this cultivation has been thus improved, the beets grown are equal in tonnage and sugar content to those produced in the most favored sections of Germany. As the price which the farmer receives for his beets depends upon the sugar content of these beets as well as the weight, it will be seen that every increase in tonnage and sugar content works to the advantage of the farmer. The increase in the sugar content of the beets is confirmed by expert men, namely, that where beets are grown in rotation with other crops, the yield of those other crops per acre is, for example, wheat and corn, greatly increased by virtue of the careful tillage necessitated by the culture of beets. Michigan farmers in the best districts now consider beets a necessary crop in their regular rotation. This is evidenced by two facts: First, the various factories in the state retain from 75 per cent to 80 per cent of their farmers as regular customers from year to year. Second, the average contracted price each year is in excess of that grown the preceding year. Cardinal returns show that the amount of Michigan beets are sold under contract with the various factories is fully 25 per cent greater than that of the year just past.

In the midst of the discussions of railroad earnings and changes in freight rates, it is interesting to note that an acre of wheat, corn or oats grown in Michigan yields to the farmer, but from 20 cents to 50 cents freight earnings, whereas an acre of beets if grown so that they must be shipped to the factory by rail, yields the railroads on freight into the factory and freight out of the factory to the amount of \$1.75. The beet sugar industry of Michigan, paid the Michigan farmer last year nearly one and one-half million dollars freight. In the manufacture of sugar from beets there is produced a final molasses which cannot be made into sugar. Thirteen of the factories in this state sell their final molasses to a chemical company at Bay City that manufacture from this material a high grade alcohol which is sold exclusively to the arts and industries. This alcohol pays an excise tax, the amount of such tax being considerably in excess of \$2,000,000. That these thirteen factories pay \$1.75 into the national treasury about \$10,000,000 which is equivalent to 1 cent per pound on all the sugar they produce. While this industry is protected by the existing tariff, it is equally true that it contributes to the national revenues in no insignificant manner. Meanwhile the people are securing their sugar at a lower price than any other civilized country in the world with the exception of England and one or two of her colonies. Sugar is one of the few foodstuffs that has not increased in price during the past ten years. The average New York price of granulated sugar in 1900 was \$5.32 per hundred pounds, and in 1910 it was \$4.76 per hundred pounds. The average price for the ten past years is \$5.14 per hundred pounds, which is actually higher than the average price in 1900.

Those who a few years ago invested their money in this new industry have reason to feel proud of its development during the past decade. Practically every sugar factory in Michigan

is on a paying basis. Citizens of the state, recognizing the fact, are now willing to invest their money in the stocks of these sugar companies, feeling that such securities are entitled to take good rank among the standard industrial stocks on the market. The leading companies have gone on a regular dividend basis, and the largest one, namely, the Michigan Sugar Company, pays quarterly dividends on both its preferred and common stocks. It very truly looks as though the experimental stage is past and that the sugar industry has taken rank as a staple industry of great magnitude, worthy of the confidence of the commonwealth.

STAY AT HOME—IN MICHIGAN.

THOSE WHO HAVE FOLLOWED THE "WILL-O'-THE-WISP" COME BACK WISER, BUT POORER MEN.

By G. S. Stanley in the Muskegon Times.

The press agent has been unusually busy during the past three months endeavoring to lure the people of Michigan to far-away homes west and south. The word pictures which these glib-tongued gentlemen have painted have been especially alluring. Life has been pictured as one continuous round of ease and profit. They have solved the problem of getting something for nothing, and of course every ambitious person will be making a grand rush to get in on the ground floor. It should be remembered, however, that all is not gold that glitters. In almost every community there are men who have tasted of the fruit and found it bitter, but not half as sweet as the home fruit, and not nearly so easy to get. There are men who have sold out good homes in Michigan to follow the will-o'-the-wisp of the land shark, and they are back again wiser but poorer men.

questionable methods that are being employed to boom other states, who could paint the rosier picture of them all, for no state in the Union has been better endowed by nature; no state can produce the actual facts and figures she can to prove that willing, able-bodied men can win fortune from her soil. No state has better educational or social advantages. No state has better transportation facilities. And while we are on this subject we shall be pardoned for remarking that no part of the state offers inducements that the western half of it, and particularly that part tributary to Muskegon.

Always we fail to appreciate that which we have. We fear that Muskegon must stand indicted on this count, because if this were not so every acre of available land herabouts would be occupied and Muskegon would be a city of an hundred thousand. It is too late to make amends, however. We can develop the spirit of appreciation and at the same time come together unitedly for a bigger, better Muskegon.



PATRICK H. KELLEY.

Patrick H. Kelley, former superintendent of public instruction and lieutenant-governor of Michigan, is one of the best known men in public life in this state. He is peculiarly a Cass County product, being a native of Cass County, a poor boy who had to make his own way, a school teacher, a law student and then a practicing lawyer, and finally a foremost figure in politics. Mr. Kelley's experience as a pedagogical included principalships at Cass and Hartford, and a five-year tenure as superintendent of schools at St. Ignace. When he was 24 years of age he entered the University of Michigan, graduating in 1890 and immediately began the practice of law at Detroit. In 1901 he was appointed to fill a vacancy on the state board of education, and in 1903 he was chosen superintendent of public instruction, and in 1904 and 1905 he was elected lieutenant-governor as the candidate of the Republican party, each time leading his party in the number of votes received. In 1911 he was a Union man.

candidate for the governorship on the campaign which resulted in the selection of Gov. Osborne, and in 1911 he was appointed by the governor to membership on the special commission of inquiry into the question of taxation in Michigan, a position which he devoted much study to the question and made a report which aroused great public interest. Mr. Kelley is a finished public orator and one of the most popular men in Michigan public life. After his retirement from political activities he resumed the practice of law at Lansing, where he specializes on practice before the various state commissions, a practice which has brought him a large number of important clients. One characteristic of the great amount of campaigning which he has done has been that he has never been defeated, which has marked his advocacy of his cause, the results being that even among those who politically differ with him, Mr. Kelley has preserved his friendship without interruption. He is now being mentioned as the Republican candidate for congressman-at-large, a candidacy made possible by the election of a Republican representative in Congress and the failure of the legislature to apportion its representation.

TO THE PEOPLE OF MICHIGAN

It may interest you to know that approximately FIFTEEN MILLION DOLLARS in cash is paid out in life insurance premiums every year by the people of Michigan to foreign life insurance companies doing business outside of our State, less than four million of which is ever returned in death claims, salaries, commissions, etc.

If this practice obtained in other lines of business it would paralyze every commercial enterprise in our commonwealth. Is there any reason why it should obtain with respect to your life insurance? Do you realize how much the expenditure of this money and bestowal of your patronage among the worthy institutions of your own State would mean to them, to yourself and to your fellow-citizens generally?

THE IDEAL RESERVE LIFE ASSOCIATION is a Michigan institution, backed and managed by Michigan people, is SOUND, PROGRESSIVE and POPULAR. Economical for the old, advantageous for the young, equitable for all, consequently, the insurance for you. Admits both men and women on equal terms to equal benefits, and equal privileges, at equal cost. Affords all the security and benefits of endowment insurance and annuities, without an element of chance, at a minimum cost and easy payments.

If you are either a buyer or seller of insurance, an inspection of the principles and precepts of the IDEAL RESERVE LIFE ASSOCIATION will interest you.

GOOD SOLICITORS WANTED

The best contracts ever offered good, capable insurance workers, and the best plan and seller in the field. If you are out of employment, or wish to better your present position by devoting all or any portion of your time to the work of organizing full particulars and information as to compensation, territory, etc., will be furnished you on application in person, or by letter to the

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Detroit, Michigan

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A Car of High Degree at a Moderate Price

When you buy your automobile, you will not expect the dealer to leave it at your door without any explanation or demonstration of its particular points, or without familiarizing you with its particular points, or without familiarizing you with its particular methods of operation.

A truly marvelous car? Yes. But this would be the ordinary way for us to speak of the Lion "40"—the stereotyped style which has so often been used, sometimes without enough regard for the truth. You would not be moved by this statement even though 'tis true that in the Lion "40" are embodied more than a score of features of exceptional value.

All that we ask is that you look at the Lion "40"—ride in it—drive it before you purchase. Let us show you how to get better service out of a motor car than you have had before, and for less money.

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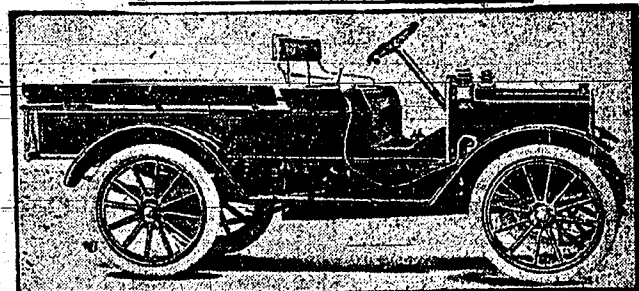
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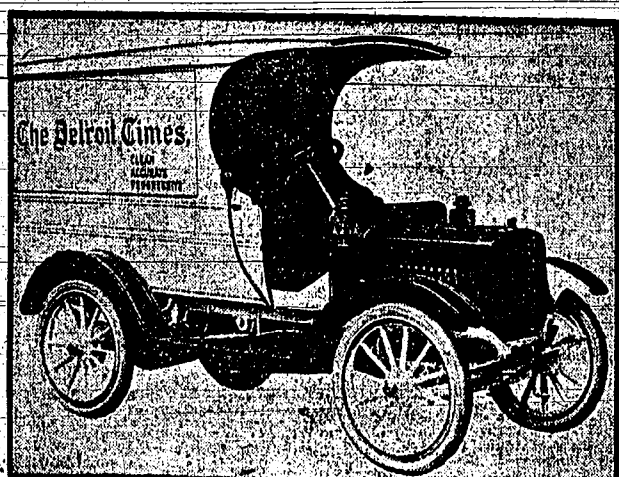
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FOR CHEAP LANDS THAT WILL GROW EVERY YEAR

Peaches, Apples, Cherries, Potatoes, Wheat and Berries

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LAND AGENT.

Hart, Oceana Co., Mich.

CADILLAC JOIN NOW AND BOOST! Annual Water Rate—Guaranteed

CADILLAC JOIN NOW AND BOOST! Annual Water Rate—Guaranteed

MORE FAITH AND MORE PRINTERS' INK.

WILL KEEP OUR BOYS AND GIRLS FROM BEING LURED TO DISTANT LANDS.

By H. H. Weed, in the Day City

It is now conceded that the greatest problem of life is agriculture. With it the human race could not exist. The food we eat, the clothes we wear all come from the soil. Even the water of the sea could not produce for man were it not for the washings of our soil.

It is up to the newspapers of this state to tell the world that the soil of Michigan has great value and that for agricultural purposes it cannot be surpassed by that of any other state or country. No state in the union produces a greater variety of crops, no state gives a greater average yield

than does Michigan. No state has better markets for its productions. We are told of land in other states that is selling in the unimproved state for five hundred dollars an acre. We are told of the expense required to improve the land in other states. We are told of the expense required to improve the land in other states. We are told of the expense required to improve the land in other states.

The Long Distance Telephone As a Business Getter

One afternoon important information came to the New York newspapers. It was necessary to get the views of a prominent corporation of officials. Reporters hurried to his office. He would not see them. They followed him home but with the same result. Only a single newspaper printed his views next morning, and that was a journal whose editor had his Pittsburgh correspondent call up the official by long distance telephone. When word was brought that long distance wanted him he got out of bed, and the dignity of the approach was such that he talked freely.

In these days, competition is keen. Methods of approaching people must be carefully considered. The mails are padded with circulars and invitation letters. Signs and hand bills follow the average man on the street. The best salesman doesn't always get an interview. People are expert in dodging.

But everybody is always at home to the long distance telephone.

It is a means of approach that has never been overdone. It always implies business of importance. The man who has something to sell bestows a compliment upon his potential customers by using it. Even the most factious personal letter may be regarded as an intrusion, but never the toll call. The party calling is there in person or the other end of the wire, able to talk, give full explanations, and manage every detail of the conversation in a skillful way.

Assume that there are half a dozen customers scattered over territory 10 or 20 miles from the office, but conveniently reached by trolley lines. It will take a salesman fully half a day to visit them, and there is the cost of his time, car-fares and expenses.

Every customer who happens to be out or too busy to talk, costs just as much per rata as those who are successful. Interviewed in place, these six customers the same distance in the country, off trolley lines, where a team or motor must be used for traveling. The cost of visiting them will easily be doubled, and there are whole months in the year when the state of country roads makes it impossible to keep in touch with such trade.

In canvassing trade of this character, the business man must go away by the car very often, there are small customers he would like to work frequently through his sales force, but the cost is prohibitive, or pressure of other matters prevents.

Now, with the long distance, practically every customer of this sort can be reached at the mere expense of trolley fares. The salesman can cover a whole outlying region in two hours. The directness and efficiency of the canvases are as great as in a personal visit.

The extent to which the telephone may be used to increase sales, says System in a recent issue, is limited only by the salesman's ability to originate and apply schemes for getting customers into the habit of ordering goods by that method. Few business concerns, large or small, can afford to neglect the possibilities afforded by the telephone for keeping in communication with their customers. One great store in Philadelphia, at a conservative estimate, credits at least half of its 25 per cent increase of business during 1911 to a persistent campaign for telephone orders.

Every letter written in a business house costs somewhere between 20 and 60 cents. This may seem a bit startling, for the idea of calling the customer is pretty generally bound up with the word "cost." But if the items of stationery, postage, telephone time, filing copies, printer's time and so forth are faithfully set down, it will be found that business correspondence costs a good deal more than most people imagine.

The cost of sending out the simplest needed printed circular to a list of several hundred of prospects is about five cents per piece.

Add to this "manufacturing cost" the delay of correspondence and the valuable time of a busy man taken from more profitable work, and it becomes well worth while to weigh each letter against the telephone service and decide whether a long distance message would not be cheaper than writing. If the inquiry is anywhere within 500 miles, it is usually possible to talk with him by telephone. Investigation of the mail that comes into the average office will show that he probably is within this speaking distance, for about three-fourths of a business mail comes from within a much smaller radius.

There is a manufacturer in the Middle West whose salesmen visit prospective customers, explain goods, maintain interest. But if the deal is important he usually has to go and wind it up in person.

"I'm not what you'd call a salesman," he says. "Yet, when our men have been calling on Jones three months, and Jones has gone into every blessed point, and is still sitting on the fence, I find the best thing is to get my hat, and go and see him, and ask why he's holding off."

Maybe he says, "Why, I want to figure out that cost again."

"Cost!" I say. "What cost? This equipment isn't going to cost you anything. Good heavens, man, the savings on the first six months' operation will pay for the whole thing!"

Now, yet our Michigan farmers have been grudging the work of one man to get across the water, the wonderful apples, the plums, the cherries, and the peaches that are raised in this state, but it is a pity that we have not admitted that the best favored fruits in the world are raised in good old Michigan. We have not admitted that the big orchards, their great crops and their immense profits, but figures do not show the amount of labor required to produce those crops, nor are we told how little is left the owner in net profit. We have very little of the man in Michigan who will not stand comparison with our own.

In the great northwest and along the Pacific coast are thousands of broken and discouraged men who have been lured away from the one state in the Union that offers self-sustaining homes to all and at prices within the reach of all.

There are thousands of acres of cultivated land in Michigan upon which are good buildings, fences, orchards and all that goes to make a good farm, such farms are ready for immediate occupancy and cultivation, and can be bought for less than one-fourth the money that is asked for less valuable land in the far west.

Let every factory close its doors, let every business suspend and still the Michigan farmer can live. The climate of Michigan is one of the best. Settlers upon new lands of Michigan have no contest with malaria, typhoid, or other tropical diseases in other states, nor has it the terrors of that dread disease in the mountains of the west, typhoid fever, and the plagues of other lands never reach us. Our atmosphere is pure and the conditions are such as to promote health.

No state in the Union produces so large a proportion of wheat as is consumed by its own population. The farmer of Michigan is not only a bread grower, but he is well situated. Railroads, markets, schools, and large cities are close at hand. The farmer is not compelled to leave home behind him, as in the case of the farmer in other states, for a small sum of money. Settlers upon the cheap lands of northern Michigan can find the same thing in Michigan.

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the long roll of disappointed land buyers is called the list of robbed and wronged Michigan. We will show that for any other state in the Union. As to the press of Michigan, our editors and publishers must not be so severely criticized because so many owners and dealers have neglected to properly advertise the merits of their own stocks. Many a poor struggling editor in northern Michigan has read a large sum of money offered by the rich and powerful, and has been told to publish glittering descriptions of land and climate that will not stand comparison with our own.

There are thousands of acres of cultivated land in Michigan upon which are good buildings, fences, orchards and all that goes to make a good farm, such farms are ready for immediate occupancy and cultivation, and can be bought for less than one-fourth the money that is asked for less valuable land in the far west.

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W. F. KNAPP Nurseryman

Successor to George H. Lewis.

Fruit & Ornamental Trees, Shrubs, Vines, etc.

The Very Best, True to Name, at Popular Prices, and Personal Attention.

This has been our means of a steady increase of business for forty-five years and we are still growing, to our customers' satisfaction.

Patronage Solicited.

Doubling Up!

This is the era of concentration; in other words, of "doubling up," making the most of every advantage. It is doubling the opportunity.

The old horse can carry three as easily as one and get there just as quickly.

That is the reason we have three departments to my business and each as carefully managed as if all the effort was concentrated on one.

I have the only modern Facing Mill in this locality and I manufacture

Facing and Foundry Supplies. A good many foundries include an electrical plating department and so nickel plate their own

Buffing Compositions and Plating Supplies and carry

a stock of machinery and equipment. When desired, for installing the equipment.

The risk is all on our side. A buyer can remain in Michigan and have his wants supplied right at his front door from first hands and avoid the middle man's profit.

To enhance the scene with artistic color, I maintain a Brick Department and supply impervious Front Brick for factories or for dwellings and in this line of travel there are other things necessary for building construction.

So we can begin with factory building and continue until it is equipped with machinery and working material.

At present, active on the road with all these lines. They go against other houses selling only one line; it costs as much to sell one as to sell all. It takes a smaller slice of profit when selling one line than when selling all. Take the small slice and leave you the rest.

Consolidate your buying power.

FREDERIC B. STEVENS, Detroit, Mich.

FACING MILL, cor. Industrial and M. C. R. R. WAREHOUSE and OFFICE, cor. Larned and Third, EXPORT WAREHOUSE, Windsor, Ont. BRANCHES: Dixie Foundry Supply Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.; Hooper Supply Co., Indianapolis, Ind.

FOR SALE

10 improved farms with buildings, 10 to 20 acres each, each from \$20 to \$40 per acre, in the best agricultural county. Menominee of the Upper Peninsula. Write us.

PERRIZO & SONS

DAGGETT, MICH.

CHEAP FARM LANDS.

located in the heart of the Copper Country.

Easy Terms.

WORRESTER LUMBER CO., LTD.

CHASSER, MICH.

Greening's BIG Nurseries

MONROE

MICHIGAN

1,500 Acres

(The Largest Stock of Fruit and Ornamental Trees in the World)

55 Years of Know How

Over fifteen hundred acres of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Shrubs, Roses, etc.

Everything for the Orchard, Park and Ornamental Garden.

We have an organization of experts.

You Are Invited to Visit Our Nurseries.

THIS MAN WRITES:

THE GREENING NURSERY CO., Monroe, Mich.:

Gentlemen—This is your tree—set out one year.

Fine sight.

H. D. SMITH, Kent City, Mich.

The Pedigree Tree

The Pedigree Tree is the tree that has been propagated by means of grafting or inculcation from the scions taken from a bearing orchard tree. As far as we know, we are the only nursery company who are making a practice of improving all the old leading standard varieties of commercial orchard fruits, by a system of careful selection of scions taken from orchard trees that have shown marked superiority in size, color and quality of fruit that have repeatedly taken the highest prizes at the fruit shows, and have attracted general attention in point of excellence. Our system of breeding up the hardy fruit is highly endorsed by Luther Burbank. We leave it to the reader what it means to the fruit growers of this country; what it means to breed up hundreds of varieties of fruit into the Pedigree Trees, that will produce fruits of a high and improved quality.

Mr. Greening's horticultural article in a recent number of the Saturday Evening Post, showed articles on the Pedigree tree propagation from the scions taken from the bearing trees, saying among the many good things in favor of this idea, that "it would pay the fruit grower to pay double the price for Pedigree trees—considering the great benefits we would derive from the trees after they come into bearing, and the great value such an orchard would have over the trees grown in the ordinary way."

Hundreds of horticulturists are assisting us in the breeding of Pedigree trees.

In this great work we have the co-operation of the leading horticulturists, agricultural colleges, and thousands of our customers, who are working hand-in-hand with us in improving the varieties of our standard hardy fruits.

Greening's Low-Headed Trees

Our new system of low-heading all kinds of fruit trees brings the fruit closer to the source of the water supply; in other words, there will be considerable less evaporation and waste than with the old method practiced, where the fruit is high up in the air and the trunk exposed to the weather and elements. Over 95 per cent of the fruit is water and less than 5 per cent of the ingredients make up the chemical elements contained in the fruit.

There is only one half the cost of spraying in labor and material, as a great waste is usually accompanied in spraying high-top trees that the picker can pick from a low step-ladder or on an elevated wagon platform, and can pick twice as much fruit in the same length of time and with greater success.

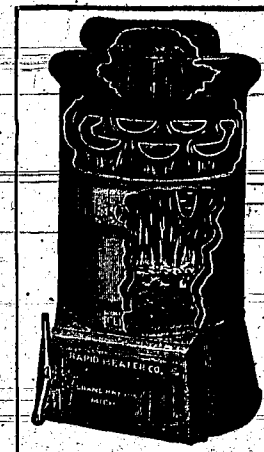
There is a great saving in the labor of pruning the trees. The trunks grow stronger, the framework of the main branches more substantial, and the crown is stronger, stiffer and better adapted to stand the wind storm, which means that the wind storm in the fruit that would otherwise knock off from the trees when the branches are loaded with fruit and are swaying in the wind. Under our system the branches are stronger and more substantial to carry a load of fruit. The loss alone in the falling of fruit in times of heavy winds is something enormous, and it is usually a complete loss.

The trunks of the trees are less subject to disease and injury from the elements. It is a fact that on high-top trees you will usually find more or less injury on the southwest side, caused by the sun and elements, all of which is eliminated under our system of low training.

The tree develops a much larger and stronger root system protecting it against the effect of drought and other severe weather conditions.

The quality of fruit is much improved and the yield is greatly increased. When proper culture is supplemented by our new method of orchard pruning a large per cent of the crop will be of high-grade quality and color—and will bring top-notch prices in the markets.

GREENING'S TREES GROW



Rapid HEATERS

In the Country Or In Town

It will pay you to have a "RAPID" hot water or steam heating plant installed in your building.

Heats perfectly in spite of cold country winds and zero weather. Makes an evening spent at home one of positive enjoyment.

Not necessary to get up in chilly rooms and "fire up" for breakfast. No dust, smoke or odor in living rooms.

A "RAPID" is so economical it pays back its cost in fuel saved and out last the building.

Write for free illustrated catalog and name of nearest "RAPID" agent.

RAPID HEATER COMPANY

John Hawley

Buys and sells real estate at

Ontonagon, Mich.

THE ESCANABA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT CO.

ESCANABA, MICH.

Dealers in Farming Lands in Michigan, Ontario and Manitoba Counties.

MICHIGAN OCEANA COUNTY

HEART OF THE FRUIT BELT. MONT-CALM COUNTY. ONE OF THE LEAD-ING COUNTIES OF THE STATE. GENERAL FARMING

We Use

Bay City VELVET Ice Cream

At our Fountain

It is PURE and Wholesome with a Delicious Flavor

A. M. Lewis & Co.

Crawford Avalanche.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, MAY 16

Local and Neighborhood News.

On File.

If an unkind word appears, file the thing away.
If some novelty in jeans, file the thing away.
If some clever little bit of a sharp and pointed wit, carrying a sting with it, file the thing away.
If some bit of gossip comes, file the thing away.
If some scandalous story comes, file the thing away.
If some suspicion comes to you that your neighbor isn't true, let me tell you what to do—file the thing away.
Do this for a little while, then go out and burn the files.

JOHN KENDRICK BANGS.

Born, May 14th, to Mr. and Mrs. T. Ohman, a son.

Edgar Dyer, of Gaylord, spent Sunday here with friends and relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Ayers, of Bay City, former residents of this city, are visiting friends here over Sunday.

G. A. Marsh, a former resident of this village, arrived here yesterday from Lansing where he spent the winter.

A. Kraus was in Saginaw first of the week where Mrs. Kraus is confined in a hospital. He says that she is getting along nicely.

The W. R. C. extend a general invitation to all soldiers and their wives to take supper with them at G. A. R. hall after decoration day. 5-16-2v

Now comes the season when there is danger of fires spreading in the woods. If you see a fire put it out. Big fires are the result of little ones.

It is reported that somebody, probably kids, are picking and destroying flowers at the cemetery. This is a serious offense and unless it is stopped the guilty parties may suffer a severe punishment if they are caught. Please take this as a warning.

Considerable of a change is going on in our post office. The old shelving has been torn out also the window seat that was so convenient for loafers. The walls will be repapered and redecorated and everything is going to be spick and span, just as it should be. Hans Nelson is doing the carpenter work and he says that he is going to do a nice job.

The M. E. Church conference at Minneapolis have come to a sensible conclusion as regards amusements. This is the gist of a report made Friday by a committee on rules: "The American people are too far advanced longer to be restricted by church rules as to what their amusement shall be. The rule prohibiting dancing, card playing, gambling and going to theatres, circuses and horse races, therefore, should be abolished."—Ex.

Too much cannot be said of the work of Jens Jensen, the painter and decorator. He certainly has talent that is far beyond even the good workmen in the larger cities. One of his latest pieces of work is at Olaf Sorenson & Sons' ice cream parlors. The room is done in panel effect, light green, gold, buff and brown in shades, and this is the color scheme. There are thirteen hand painted reproductions from views of rivers, lakes, valleys and forests—every picture is a study. The effect is a delightful revelation.

This week we issue a supplement that is made up chiefly of fifty editorials that have appeared in as many of Michigan's leading newspapers during the last year. These "Remains in Michigan" editorials came from all parts of the state and are the result of cash prizes of \$175.00 in gold offered Michigan newspapers by the Detroit Times for the three best articles under this caption. The subject was a broad one and brought out a ready response, as may be seen in the accompanying supplement, yet we believe "the half was never told."

H. A. Pond did business in Detroit Monday.

Mrs. Esbern Hanson spent Sunday in Detroit.

Mrs. R. Roblin is visiting relatives in Bay City.

Win. Green visited friends in Lewiston over Sunday.

A part of the ball ground fence was burned Friday night.

Telephone your order to Phone No. 5 for auto delivery. H. A. Pond.

Oscar Deckrow did some repair work in the plumbing line, for C. W. Ward at Lovells, last Friday.

Fred Parker and family moved Friday to Johannesburg. The boys will go to their aunt in Gaylord.

Mrs. Peter McNevin has been entertaining her sister and brother-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Miller, of Petoskey.

New and second hand single and double buggies for sale.

GRO. LANGRISH.

The water pipes are being re-laid and the tank made ready for the season, at the cemeteries this week.

Mrs. S. S. Phelps, Sr., returned Tuesday from a visit with her mother at Ortonville. Mrs. Coventry has been very ill, but is better now.

Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Walton went to Bay City last Friday, to attend the grand opera, "The Bohemian Girl," at the Washington theatre.

Telephone the Peoples Livery, No. 853 for first class rigs and accommodations. Driver furnished whenever desired. Peter Jorgenson. 5-16-2v

Wanted—Work by the day or washings to do at home.

MISS VIOLET ALEXANDER.

4-18-1f South Side.

Jack Collins and wife are packing their household goods, to be sent to Linden, near Detroit, where they have a farm, and will soon go there to make it their home.

Now that we again have the electric lights the band will again favor us with the regular Friday evening concert at the band stand, whenever the weather will permit.

The household goods of Fred Harrington were shipped to Saginaw yesterday, and Mrs. Harrington and the children will go Monday, to make that city their home.

The satisfaction of good tailoring is remembered long after the price is forgotten. We guarantee satisfaction and lasting qualities.

Feb 1, 5mo. A. E. HENDRICKSON.

Having purchased a Nucomby shuttle carpet loom, I am prepared to do all kinds of weaving that can be done on a carpet loom. Mrs. H. Countryman, Grayling. 5-16-3w

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. McKay, of Midland, and Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Stanfield, of Ithaca, were called here by the serious illness of their father, Ira Sewell, who is troubled with paralysis.

The piano committee of the Masonic order decided Tuesday on the Cecilian player piano, manufactured by the Taccand Piano Co. of Detroit.

A demonstration of four pianos—the Cecilian, Griell, Bush & Lane and Cable Nelson was held at the opera house, Tuesday evening.

Friday last a few of the neighbors of John West, of Frederic, became alarmed over his absence and broke into his house to find him lying on the floor unconscious. He was taken care of, but died in a short time without regaining consciousness. Mr. West lived alone. Two brothers are here to look after his affairs.

Fishermen will find splendid accommodations at W. J. Latham's resort at the junction of the north branch and main stream of the AuSable during July and August. Either boat or wade fishing. Team will meet parties at Lovells. Address W. J. Latham, Eldorado, Mich. 5-24-2v

Henry Holm, of Saginaw, member of the Helm club, located on the North Branch of the AuSable, was arrested Tuesday by Deputy Game Warden Babbitt, for catching trout in stream with bait. He was tried before justice A. J. Jewett, at the Trunk ranch in Lovells township, plead guilty and paid a fine of seven dollars and three dollars costs.

The Michigan Central Railroad Co. is improving their freight transfer this week by installing another track which will hold six more cars which, with the one they already have, will hold thirteen cars. The old freight shed will be moved sixteen feet further into the street and will have no back dock. This is something that has long been needed here, and will be a great benefit to customers as well as to themselves.

We are pleased to state to our readers that the proceedings of our village council will be hereafter published in this paper. It is extremely gratifying to us to know that this was ordered without our solicitation, which goes to show that the council is willing that the people should know how they are conducting the business affairs of the village. Most cities publish their council proceedings—and this is right, for we tax payers, thereby, are able to know just what is being done and how our money is being spent. It has been our privilege to attend meetings of our local council, and let us state to the people who haven't availed themselves of this privilege, that we have a genuinely business council. President T. Hanson and the trustees associated with him have the interest of the village at heart and are giving us a constructive business administration.

Decker's of Beaver Creek are building a new home on section twelve.

M. Simpson has a whopper of a big red gasoline tank in front of his store.

Slaggood building lots, in Grayling, for sale. Inquire of Nick Schjoth. 5-16-10w

The B. G. T. club met the last time for this season at the home of Miss Anna Olson.

Mrs. H. Peterson visited her daughter at Johannesburg, Saturday and Sunday.

Don't forget the candy sale at Simpson's store, given by the Epworth League Saturday afternoon.

Anybody in need of cement blocks call on Maguire Duprie. Concrete walls and blocks laid if desired. 5-16-2t

The famous Richardson's superlative rugs and carpets, linoleums, lace curtains, matings and shades are sold here only by Sorenson Bros.

For Sale—Three shares of stock in Old Fellows building. Going to leave town. Inquire at residence of Dr. Insely, may 9-1f.

AMOS DORMAN

Get the cement work for your cemetery lots done now, before Decoration day. Leave orders at Matson's barber shop. Tom Caniff. 5-16-2w

Found—Gold ring, Wednesday. Owner may have same by proving ownership of property and paying for this notice. Miss Eva Jennings.

The village board of review will meet at the Town hall, Tuesday and Wednesday, May 28th and 29th for the purpose of reviewing the assessment roll.

Lost—On or about April 15th, a pocket book containing about \$12.00 at school house or between there and post office. Finder please leave at this office or phone 972. Reward offered. G. W. CRANDALL. 5-16-3w

Just as much art is exercised today in designing and coloring rugs and carpets as there is in painting pictures. Richardson's superlative rugs and carpets always make a home look cozy. A beautiful exhibit at Sorenson's Furniture Store.

Girls and women: Steady work. \$1.00 per day while learning. Experienced help earn \$1.50 to \$1.75 to \$2.00 a day. Room and board \$3.00 per week. Large commodious, well lighted factory, pleasant surroundings. Write or come at once. Western Knitting Mills, Rochester, Mich.

Some time Sunday night, burglars broke into the Lewiston postoffice, broke into the safe and took \$300 in cash. They also entered G. F. Sachs' hardware store and Mackinnon's drug store, but failed to make a haul in either place. No clue to their identity has been found as yet.

Go to the "Underhill," one and one-half miles north of Lovells, Crawford county, Michigan, for fishing and hunting on the North Branch of the AuSable River. Rates: \$2.00 per day. Free bus meets all trains. For auto, phone or call at N. P. Olson's Auto Livery, Grayling. 5-16-1f

Tuesday night was a gala time for Portage Lodge K. of P. because of an official visit of Grand Chancellor V. Hawkins, of Michigan. Almost every member of the lodge was present and Mr. Hawkins paid the local fraternity a very nice compliment on its turnout and upon the general interest of its members.

A dandy baby daughter, was born to Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Hanson last evening. The little lady weighed nine pounds and will be known by her friends as Virginia. Both the baby and mother are getting along nicely, and T. is stepping pretty high. Heartly congratulations from the Avalanche.

Word was received last week Friday by County Clerk J. J. Niederer that the two Michigan Central Railroad cases that were upon the circuit court docket for this term were settled out of court. These were the only two jury cases on docket so the quick presence of mind of Mr. Niederer in officially notifying the jury, that had been drawn, that their services would not be required, has saved the county \$150. This is good service and Mr. Niederer should be commended for thoroughness in the important duties of county clerk.

We received a communication last week requesting us to publish an article. This communication had no signature and we had no way of learning from whom it came. The article itself was all right but it should be no trouble for the writer to sign such a request. Any contributions in the line of pure news matters we most heartily welcome, just so long as they are authentic and have a special local interest. While we often publish other matters we always insist in knowing, by whom they are sent. We are glad to extend every courtesy but it is necessary for us to observe these rules.

In the Detroit Free Press of Sunday, May 12, appeared a full page ad by the Michelson Land and Home Company of which Nola Michelson of our village is president and Fred Michelson secretary and treasurer, while Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Hartwick, and Olaf Michelson are among the directors. The ad contains a neat diagram of their State Fair subdivision which is adjacent to the State Fair grounds, and is platted and ready for sale. The avenues are named in honor of a number of our people. Among them we see Grayling and Crawford avenues, also Bauman, Chamberlin, Annon, Lantz, and Allen avenues; names we readily recognize.

Additional local news on opposite page.

Mrs. Nellien of Beaver Creek is visiting in Chicago.

Miss Sinclair Redhead is quite ill at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. Woodburn.

Mrs. A. N. Campbell, mother of Mrs. A. M. Lewis, left Tuesday for her home in Newberry.

John Hum was in attendance at the Democratic convention at Bay City, yesterday as a delegate from here.

Mr. James Woodburn was removed to Mercy hospital this morning where he will have his foot amputated.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Holger Schmidt last evening a baby girl. Mother and daughter are doing nicely.

Clyde Hum suffered an acute attack of appendicitis while at school, Tuesday forenoon. He is a little better today.

All kinds of cement work promptly done and all work guaranteed. Leave orders at Matson's barber shop. Let us give you an estimate. Tom Caniff. 5-16-1f

Owing to late arrival of some of our stock our five and ten cent store won't be open for business before Monday May 27. J. A. HOLLIDAY.

F. G. Walton and daughter, Mrs. Kerport, were called to Washington D. C. by the death of Mr. Walton's brother, Major Clifford S. Walton. They left for there yesterday.

We have secured the agency for World's Famous Walk Over Shoes for men and women. We carry them in stock in all colors and widths, black tans and gun metals.

A. KRAUS & SON.

Leading Dry Goods, Clothing and Shoe Store.

Presbyterian church, May 19, 1912. Morning sermon theme: "The Value of the Christian Sabbath." Christian Endeavor topics: "A Sure Reward, or How to Please Christ." Evening sermon: "The Relative Importance of Things New and Old."

Rev. J. H. FLEMING, Minister.

George Sorenson, our local undertaker has retained the body of the man who was accidentally killed near here by a Michigan Central train on April 30th and has mummified it. This is a process of embalming that preserves the remains for an almost indefinite period. He has apparently had splendid success with this body. This process would be particularly useful in cases where remains are to be sent to far away points. The body has been placed in a vault.

For Sale.

The old Grayling House Corner in Lots of 30 x 120 feet. 5-9-2w

VICTOR SALLING.

Enjoy Life

While you live

Man wants but little here below, until it comes to eating, and then he wants plenty of it and that the very best.

Those who know have tried our Bread and Pastries that they are right, in fact, they fill the bill in every particular, they also know that our goods are fresh and wholesome. Isn't it good to know all this about what you eat makes it taste better you know after it is down.

MODEL BAKERY

LACE CURTAINS

The Housekeeper with an eye for the artistic always selects

RICHARDSON'S RELIABLE CURTAINS

If she has a chance to see and compare them with others

The reason is plain to all old customers.

The Richardson Line of Patterns is selected by a process of elimination—thousands of pattern are inspected and compared and only the snappiest and most artistic are chosen.

This gives you the cream of the cream to select from and there is a marked saving to you on all classes of Curtains.

Bed Room Curtains as low as 45c per pair.

Fine Parlor Curtains as low as \$2.00 per pair.

SORENSEN'S FURNITURE STORE

GRAYLING, MICHIGAN

The Oxford Season Is Here

There positively never was a larger selection of Shoes and Oxfords shown in the city. Gun Metals, Tans and Patents in button and lace in both oxfords and shoes for women.

Every late style will be found, and at every wanted price.

Prices Are Right Goods FIRST CLASS

For Men We have a large showing of Gun Metals and Tans, in button and lace at \$3.00 3.50 & 4.00

Tess and Tedd The best Shoe for Boys and girls ever made. They're "Better than the Best."

Black Cat Hosiery What "Sterling" means on silver, what the Pure Food Label means on Food, that assurance of first-class quality you will get in every piece of Hosiery that bears the name. In black and colors, for every member of the family, in Silks, Lises and fine cotton yarns.

GRAYLING MERCANTILE COMPANY

The Quality Store

HOME MADE COTTAGE DUTCH CHEESE

FRESH EVERY FRIDAY

BRINK'S GROCERY

Where QUALITY, weight and measure are Guaranteed.

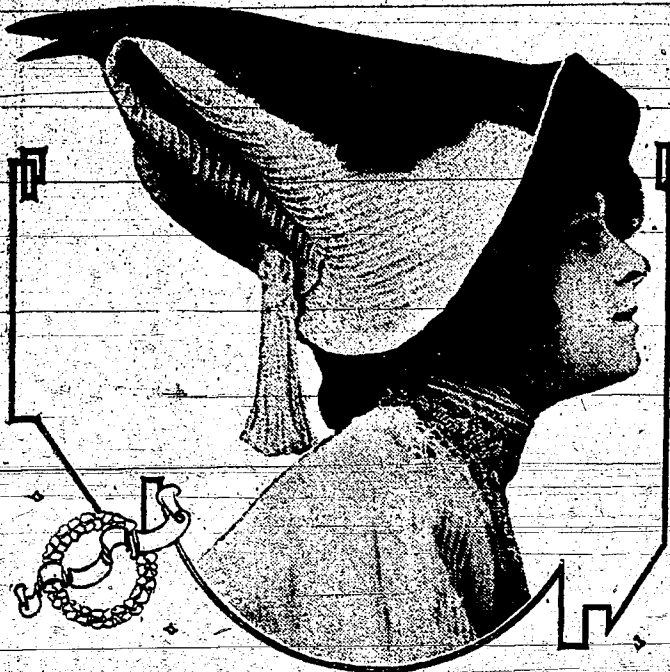
Milk's Market.

Everything that's found in a first-class Market.

Clean and Sanitary. First Class Meats that are tender and appetizing

Our service is first class

Latest Creation in Hats



Photograph by Underwood & Underwood, N. Y.

It does not matter what the brim of the hat may be, the shape is the thing—the hat shown above is made of white peacock braid caught with a tassel of fur. The wings are all inclined to point to the back.

EASY TO RESTORE NECKWEAR LINING IS IMPORTANT PART

Process Not Expensive, and Complete Return of the Original Freshness Is Sure.

These linings are necessary to our wardrobes, become soiled very quickly, and we often regret having to use water upon them for their betterment.

To send them to the dry cleaner's each time is an expensive luxury. They may be cleaned in this manner at home.

When a number of pieces have accumulated, place them in a quart jar and fill it three-quarters full of gasoline.

After closing it airtight, shake vigorously and allow it to stand for several hours. Shake from time to time. Remove the articles and rub the soiled spots with a pure white soap, using an old toothbrush. Repeat this process until the neckwear is thoroughly clean.

Hang out of doors, that the air may quickly dry them. When the gasoline has evaporated, bring them in and hang them in a warm place.

Heat helps wonderfully in dissipating the odor of gasoline.

Place in a closely covered box containing sachet bags. By the time the neckwear is needed it will have lost the disagreeable odor.

Simple Silk Waist



This simple waist is of colored silk with kimono sleeves. It is trimmed with bands of silk embroidery and has a little yoke of lace.

Vogue of Rough Surfaces.

The liking for rough surfaces is a continuation of a winter fad, and is reflected into a very large percentage of the new fall suitings which the merchants are showing since the first of the year. There are charming suits of this kind in all the light springlike tones, soft gray mixtures, white and black stripes, checks, etc., and particularly in the brownish tones ranging from deep ebon through buff and sand and light khaki tones, a flecking of white usually giving softness and character to the coloring.

Styles Change Gradually.

On the whole the radical change expected in spring fashions will certainly not take place all at once. Little by little fuller skirts, overdresses and even trousers will make their appearance, but these effects will not appear slowly and gradually. Undoubtedly the fuller styles will prevail later on, but the evolution of fashion, like every other action or movement aiming at attaining perfection, is of the "festina lente" category.

Judging from reports from Paris the change of silhouette will not be remarkable this year. La Parisienne has not yet tired of "la ligne", and the simple lines of the figure, especially from hip to hem. Gracefully arranged tunic, loopings or knotings of mousseline de soie, low down upon the skirt, either in front, at the back or upon the sides, will be seen, and a tendency toward the double skirt will be gradually accentuated.

Perfuming Rooms.

So many ideas are in vogue respecting new ways of perfuming rooms that one ventures to describe yet another.

French Women Are Most Particular as to This, and Their Judgment Is Good.

French women adore linings, and when a new coat of stole or muff is being chosen the lining is certainly as important as the outside material. They like to have their linings covered with real lace, evening coats will be enchantingly lined with layers of chiffon in different shades so that when the coat falls away from the shoulders a beautiful effect of color catches the eye.

Underpetticoats of vivid chiffon have the same result when the upper skirt is lifted. A tailor-made of quite ordinary serge will be lined with a dainty silk flowered chemise. In fact, linings are large items in the mind of the woman who understands the art of dress.

Nothing gives a surer note of distinction to a garment than its inside material, and one may go so far as to say that a tailor-made of evening cloak of any kind, that is badly or ineffectively lined, is as lacking in finish as hair-shirted and worn-out shoes that are not irreproachable in heels, soles and general polish.

TIDY HABITS TO BE PRIZED

Fortunate indeed is the woman of Girl Who Has Systematically Cultivated Them.

Timidity is one of the most attractive of feminine qualities. It is one of the rarest. Early and persistent must be the training which carries the girl into womanhood with her "bump of neatness" well developed.

Unless inherently fastidious during school days, she is liable to drift into careless habits which she never outgrows.

One girl may have a trick of leaving shoes about her room. As a child she was permitted to do this, and as she grew older the untidy custom was never abandoned for the simple reason that she herself did not notice anything unusual about it, and gradually she came to look upon it as a matter of course.

It is a habit of cleanliness in its own right, and the dressing table (and its attendant on a woman's part) is necessary in these small matters if she would be thorough, really tidy.

Vogue in Laces.

Demichion's of shadow lace in black and white are noted with great frequency, says the Dry Goods Economist. Fine milled lace is a strong favorite for hardwearing evening and afternoon gowns, and Chantilly in black and in white is much employed. Large use is also being made of net stockings, the wide and demitulle as well as the edges and narrow bands. Venice appears in bands, edging and demitulle on many of the most attractive models.

Silk Flowers.

The song of the silk flower has not yet been finished. We are still using the handmade blossom in all sizes on dresses, hats and accessories. Have you noticed the tiny wreaths of roses on the ends of velvet and silk sashes? These are made in the simplest way, the little roses being merely ribbon that has been folded and wound around itself and sewed.

er and more simple novelty which is being used for this purpose, of making rooms fresh and fragrant.

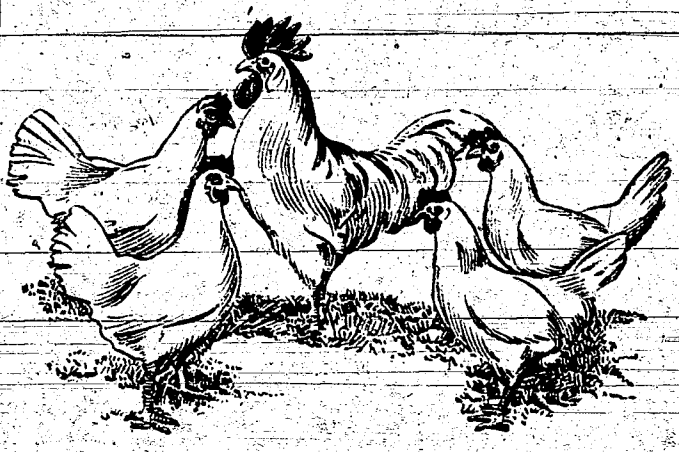
This is known as the violet banger, which consists of a group of dainty little wicker baskets filled with pot pourri of violets and covered with silk. These are strung together on long hanging ribbons which can be hung in front of a window or door, or any place where they catch the breeze, so that the sweet perfume is emitted through the wicker work is wafted about the room.

Best Colors in Gloves.

Akide from the staple black and white of which large quantities will continue to be sold, says the Dry Goods Economist, the colors chiefly in request will be as follows: Tans will strongly lead, and these tans should have neither the reddish nor the yellowish cast, but should be of the hue which will blend with the seal and not brown colorings which will be found in the new season's dress fabrics. Brown gloves of the same general cast, but two distinct shades deeper, than the tans, should be prominent for

STANDARD BREED OF POULTRY MOST PROFITABLE TO FARMER

Erroneous Idea to Think That Mongrel Chickens Offer Any Advantage Over Pure-Bred Stock—Many Improvements in Laying and Meat-Producing Qualities of Birds.



Prize Winning Single-Comb White Leghorns.

Pure-bred animals are those that produce their form, habits or other distinctive qualities with uniformity. In order that we may get offspring like the parent and like each other we must have animals whose ancestors for many generations back have been of one type. The more generations of such uniformity, the more certain it will be that the young will possess similar qualities.

The wild animals of any one kind or species in one locality have been of similar type for many generations, and may be considered as pure-bred. In the law of natural selection, individuals not suited to live in that particular locality have been weeded out. When animals are domesticated and moved to other climates, and are fed different foods, only such individuals will live and produce young as are suited to the new conditions. This process of natural selection, which is the basis of the mongrel, is the basis of the pure-bred. During the many centuries of domestication the chickens of different parts of the world have developed into different types. These types, when crossed together, have produced young that are very different from the parents and from each other. Not can these young be considered as pure-bred, for they are mongrels. By selecting from crossbred or mongrel stock such chickens as are desired, and breeding these together for many generations, new breeds may be established.

One strain of chickens may be selected for uniform color of feathers, another for a certain size and shape, and another for laying large eggs of a certain color, and yet another strain for being producers of many eggs. Each of these strains must be selected in these particular traits, but would be mongrels when the other considerations were taken into account. Breeders of pure-bred stock in making their selection of breeding animals, try to consider the desirable qualities in due order of their relative importance. Thus, with trotting horses speed is given prominence above everything else, while in the case of swine or beef cattle attention has been given to the qualities of growth and fattening that make for the profitable

production of meat. Only such uniformity of color and minor points are demanded as will serve to distinguish the breed and give uniformity of appearance. The standards adopted by breeders of this class of animals have relatively small consideration to fancy points, whereas poultry breeders consider about one-half of the value of their birds to depend on color or feathers alone, while the judgment of shape is based upon the outline produced by the feathers and not on the true body shape. The standard breed poultry fanciers have not been much influenced in their standards of chickens for the use of the farmer or practical grower, as have been the breeders of cattle and swine. Men who pursue animal breeding for pleasure alone do not choose large, slow breeding animals, such as cattle, neither do animals which are worthless from other standpoints receive much attention from breeders. But the variable in form and color, in size to secure readily reared, and capable of producing in brief time large numbers of offspring, and yet withal capable of paying her way in food products, has rendered possible the development of the fancy or standard chicken business into the most universal and important industry of the world.

From the attention that has been given to the breeding of poultry for the show room, many people wrongly infer that standard-bred poultry is no better than mongrel stock for commercial purposes.

The mongrel chicken is a production of chance. Its ancestry represents everything available in the barnyards of the neighborhood, and its offspring will be equally varied. In the pure breeds there has been a rigid selection practiced that gives uniform appearance.

The size and shape requirements of the standard, although not based on the market demands, comes much nearer producing an ideal carcass than does chance breeding. Ability to mature for the fall and winter shows is a decidedly practical quality that the fancier breeds into his chickens. Moreover, poultry breeders, while still keeping standard points in mind, have also made improvements in the laying and meat-producing qualities of their chickens. Considering these facts, it is an enormous idea to think that mongrel chickens offer any advantage over pure-bred stock for meat or for eggs.

It is a mistake to think that any one could have made to any of his flocks. When we look back upon the many mistakes we made in getting a start we wonder how we managed to stay with it. It is then we realize why it is so many go in for chickens and fail, and begin to wonder how it happens that more did not give up at the outset.

Paralyzed Hens. Hens that cannot stand and have no use of limbs, but seem to be otherwise healthy, are probably paralyzed. Little can be done for such birds and it is best to dispatch them quickly.

Eggs for Hatching. Eggs must be from good, strong stock, fertile and fresh to hatch well. They must not be subjected to chills, jarring, impure air or too great heat.

Advantage With Ducks. One advantage in duck-raising is that there is very little loss from disease, and they are not bothered by vermin.

Laying Out Gardens. In laying out the garden plan to have the rows as long as possible. This will save time in cultivating.

be built to accommodate the area of corn ground, but be sure and build large enough for when once used it will grow in favor, and the chances are the area of corn planted and the number of animals fed will be increased when the practice is once established.

Keeping Farm Accounts.

Farm accounts, to be practical, must be of the very simplest possible nature, and require a minimum amount of time for their upkeep. Accounts are valuable only as they are carefully kept. The occupation of the farmer is naturally not conducive to book-keeping habits. When one works hard in the field all day, he does not, as a rule, feel like working a great deal over books. With some simple and practical system of keeping track of various items each day, in some sort of day-book, one can later take time in the winter when other things are less rushing, and work up his balances. Young people, especially, should be encouraged if they show any desire to try to keep farm accounts.

FOUGHT HIS WAY TO FREEDOM

The Emperor of Rome Admired the Courage and Pluck of Caractacus.

One of the most unique captives ever brought home to Rome by Julius Caesar was Caractacus of the early Britons. This great chief lost everything in fighting to drive out the Romans and was taken prisoner with his wife and children. When brought before the Roman emperor the proud ruler of the primitive people never showed the least fear. His arms were chained, and the emperor roared to try to frighten Caractacus, but the brave chief never so much as quaked. Instead he looked the monarch in the eye and said:

"You fight to gain the whole world and to make everybody your slaves. I fought to keep my own land and for freedom."

The great courage the chief showed finally touched the heart of the emperor, and the ruler of the Romans resolved to see if Caractacus would be as brave when facing warriors. On one of the great holidays in Rome Caractacus was taken to the great amphitheater where the populace gathered. He was told that if he could defeat the bold knight that would be sent against him he could go back to his home. Caractacus fought as he never had before, for something sweeter than his life was at stake—that of his wife and children. Justice seemed to have tempered the metal of his weapons, and when he struck the strong armor of his antagonist gave way before his fearful blows. The result was that Caractacus and his family returned to Britain and to happiness.

A Kind-Hearted Man.

"Mr. Wombat!"

"Couple of suffragettes out here throwing stones at your window."

"How long have they been doing that?"

"Oh, several hours."

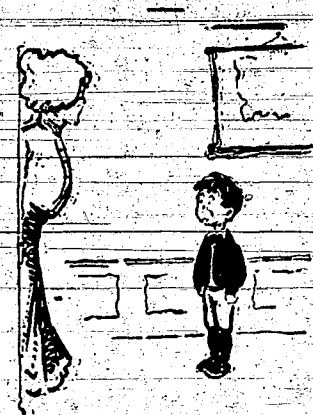
"Let me alone. It annoys the girls and I don't believe they'll hit the window."

Cure for Insomnia.

"Divine says he can't sleep."

"He ought to read the war news from Mexico."

MERGES TWO IN ONE.



Teacher—What is a "merger," Johnny?

Johnny—A minister.

Impolitic.

"Why wouldn't you put out your tongue for the doctor this morning, Karl?"

"Oh, Emmy, I couldn't. I don't know him well enough."—Fliegende Blaetter.

"Do those people who moved into the flat across the hall seem to be desirable neighbors?" asked the man.

"No," replied the woman. "I watched everything that came out of the moving van. They haven't a thing that we would care to borrow."

New York Journalists.

"Horse a man who claims to understand birds."

"Well."

"Can we feature it?"

"We might," replied the editor of the New York paper, "if it were played up properly. Send him out to get an interview with the first robin, and let's see what he makes of it."

Competition.

"Royalty has its difficulties," remarked the lord high keeper of the lighthouse.

"Yes," replied the uneasy monarch. "It has gotten so that a court function has to be accompanied with the scenery and costumes of a big musical show."

The man who wears a silk hat shouldn't butt in.

We all admire a man who says just what he thinks about other people.

"That horrible weather!"—how pleasant it really is when you are well!—Garfield Tea table always.

Occasionally we meet a man who would rather work for a living than get into politics.

Oh, Learned Judge.

A California judge decided that there is no judicial authority to keep a man from making love to his wife, although it could stop his suing her. The remarkable cause of this remarkable decision was that a woman in Los Angeles had applied for an injunction to restrain her husband from insisting on being attentive to her. This judge was not a Solomon, but he realized that only a Solomon could be trusted to rule upon the whims and inconsistencies of womankind.

Milky Way Causes Glaciers.

Another suggested cause of glacial periods is that they have been due to the shifting of the milky way, such as is known to have occurred. Assuming that much of the earth's heat comes from the stars, Dr. Rudolf Spitaler finds that the change of position in relation to the milky way might have given a different distribution of temperature from that existing at the present time. The stars are not only crowded in the region of the milky way, but many of them are of the hottest type.

The Largest Bells.

"Great Paul," the bell of St. Paul's Cathedral, in London, weighs nearly 17 tons and is nearly 20 feet around. The first "Big Ben" at Westminster was cast more than 50 years ago and weighed more than 14 tons. But "Big Ben" had a crack and was cast over, losing some weight and the clapper was made smaller, now being about 900 pounds instead of a ton. The great bell "Peter of York," cast 1100, weighs about 15 tons and is 22 feet in diameter.

The largest hanging bell in the world is in the great Buddha temple, near Canton. It is 18 feet in height, and 40 feet in circumference. It is cast of solid bronze. This is one of the eight monster bells that were cast by command of Emperor Yung Lo about A. D. 1400. It cost the lives of eight men, who were killed in the process of casting.

If You Like a Little Quiet Fun

Ask some pompous person if Grape-Nuts Food helps build the brain.

Chances are you get a withering sneer and a hiss of denunciation.

Then sweetly play with the learned toad.

Ask him to tell you the analysis of brain material and the analysis of Grape-Nuts.

"Don't know?—Why, I supposed you based your opinions on exact knowledge instead of pushing out a conclusion like you would a sneeze."

"Well, now your tire is punctured, let's sit down like good friends and repair it."

The bulky materials of brain are water and albumin, but these things cannot blend without a little worker known as Phosphate of Potash, defined as a "mineral salt."

One authority, Geohagan, shows in his analysis of brain, 5.33 per cent total of mineral salts, over one-half being Phosphoric Acid and Potash combined, (Phosphate of Potash) 2.91 per cent.

Beautin, another authority, shows Phosphoric Acid and Potash (Phosphate of Potash) more than one-half the total mineral salts, being 73.44 per cent in a total of 101.07.

Analysis of Grape-Nuts shows Potassium and Phosphorus (which join and make Phosphate of Potash) is considerable more than one-half of all the mineral salts in the food.

Dr. Geo. W. Carey, an authority on the constituent elements of the body, says: "The gray matter of the brain is controlled entirely by the inorganic cell salt, Potassium Phosphate (Phosphate of Potash). This salt unites with albumin and by the addition of oxygen creates nerve fluid or the gray matter of the brain. Of course, there is a trace of other salts and other organic matter in nerve fluid, but Potassium Phosphate is the chief factor, and has the power within itself to attract, by its own law of affinity, all things needed to manufacture the elixir of life."

Further on he says: "The beginning and end of the matter is to supply the lacking principle, and in molecular form exactly as nature furnishes it in vegetables, fruits and grain. To supply deficiencies—this is the only law of cure."

Brain is made of Phosphate of Potash as the principal Mineral Salt, added to albumin and water.

Grape-Nuts contains that element as more than one-half of all its mineral salts.

Every day's use of brain wears away a little.

Suppose your kind of food does not contain Phosphate of Potash.

How are you going to rebuild today the worn-out parts of yesterday?

And if you don't, why shouldn't nervous prostration and brain-fag result?

Remember, Mind does not work well on a brain that is even partly broken down from lack of nourishment.

It is true that other food besides Grape-Nuts contains varying quantities of Brain food.

Plain wheat and barley do. But in Grape-Nuts there is a certainty.

And if the elements demanded by Nature, are eaten, the life forces have the needed material to build from.

A healthy brain is important, if one would "do things" in this world.

A man who sneers at "Mind" sneers at the best and least understood part of himself.

That part which some folks believe links us to the Infinite.

Mind asks for a healthy brain upon which to act, and Nature has defined a way to make a healthy brain and renew it day by day as it is used up from work of the previous day.

Nature's way to rebuild is by the use of food which supplies the things required.

"There's a Reason" for

Grape-Nuts

POSTUM CEREAL COMPANY, LIMITED, BATTLE CREEK, MICHIGAN, U. S. A.

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